



## LABOR. CONDITIONS AT MINES.

Several Witnesses Heard by Strike Commission.

Rumors of Peace Negotiations Keep Alice in Scranton.

Rewarding Faithful Service—Replacing Union Clerks Bars Aliens.

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.**  
SCRANTON (Pa.) Dec. 4.—At today's sessions of the Anthracite Strike Commission, the representatives of the mine workers continued to call witnesses, mostly practical miners, who told their story of conditions as they existed in Hasleton or the middle coal fields. The miners tried to show by these witnesses that the Coxey and other companies had violated the agreement entered into by both sides when the commission was appointed that the strikers should return to work, and be given their old places back, where they had not already been filled. Some of the witnesses called, testified that they were not given back their old places, and maintained that men prominent in the union in the various localities during the strike were discriminated against. The commissioners have decided to invite the mine inspectors to appear before them because the miners assert that the workmen fear to inform the mine inspectors of dangerous or unhealthy places in the mines, because the inspectors are usually accompanied by some representative of the company, who may cause the man's dismissal. This is a new point before the commission.

**Rumors of Possible Negotiations**  
Leading to a Settlement Continue to Be Heard.  
Lawyers admit that they have heard such rumors, but say they know nothing about a possible settlement. Whatever is done will be first decided upon in New York, where those in authority to act are located.

The opinion still prevails here that the operators and the miners will agree on most points before the commission concludes its hearings. Jackson Ansbach of the Hasleton miners said he was the first to speak in his cause he is the first fireman to appear before the commission. He said he received \$1.57 for a day of twelve hours, and his assistant \$1.32. On every other occasion, when he and his assistants worked from six to eight weeks, they were compelled to work twenty-four hours straight without relief. This statement caused a buzz through the courtroom, and even members of the commission seemed more interested. In answer to a question put by the commission, he said he was off one day every two weeks, thus working six days one week and eight days the following week.

"Suppose you should fall asleep when you were on the twenty-four-hour shift, what would happen?" asked Darrow.

"Well," he replied, "if I slept long enough the train would stop, and would accumulate in the mines, and if any explosion took place, some men might be killed."

Rev. J. V. Hause, rector of St. Gabriel's Roman Catholic Church, Hasleton, was the next witness. Dinkins, among the miners, he said, was at a minimum during the strike. When asked to explain the general conditions as he found them, Father Hause said he found the coal regions practically all his life.

"The conditions in that region," he said, "are deplorable. The mine workers are barely able to exist. I say this without any coloring, knowing that I am going to the American, English, and I want to talk cautiously. I have been in their homes. They are not homes, but merely a habitation, a resting place. They are not in a conservative, responsible and God-fearing people. We have eight Catholic churches in Hasleton, and they are crowded every Sunday with worshippers, and this no doubt true of the churches whose faith is not our own."

Father Hause said that this was the condition before the strike, and that during the suspension the mine workers and their families were more pinched and the miners barely fed. Families cannot be kept together, he said. The boys are sent into the mines almost as soon as they are able to toddle about, and the girls are sent to the mills in the same way, either to earn money or to larger cities. He related instances of poverty, and said it took one man six years to pay off a funeral debt of \$200.

In reply to further questioning, Father Hause said that he had examined over forty mine workers, and found that only three of them were able to save any money. One was a Scotchman, an Austrian and the third an inheritor of money.

Another Miner, who was on the stand at the morning session, was recalled to give information regarding the alleged importation of Slovians from the Coal Commission. He told how he had been called to go to the office and meet the "greenhorns" who had been shipped by his mother from Europe at the request of himself, who had been asked to do so by a foreman employed at the Coxey Mine. Judge Gray, evidently thinking that the alien laws were being violated, became greatly interested, and said:

"When was this?"

"Seventeen years ago," replied the Hugarian.

"Oh," said the judge, as he leaned back in his chair.

The commission adjourned until tomorrow.

Today was set as the time limit for coal companies to answer the submission made by the miners, but the Coxey company's time was extended until tomorrow, the official of that company being absent, and not allowed to answer. Besides the large companies which signed the request made to the President for the appointment of the commission, four oil companies have up to now signed the petition to abide by the decision of the arbitration commission. Among these are the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, G. W. Marke & Co., A. Pardee & Co., C. Calvin, Pardee & Co., and Jernyn & Co.

**MORGAN'S LATEST MOVE.**  
**BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.**

SCRANTON (Pa.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The coal trust is determined that the public, through the strike commission, shall not know how it conducts its business. The move started by J. Pierpont Morgan's representative, Wayne MacVeagh, to effect a settlement with the miners outside of the commission is still under consideration. To make this movement still more certain, it is now said that the trust will buy out the independent operators. The independents blocked Morgan's plan to effect a settlement ten

days ago, and their resistance to the same movement now has forced the bankers to go along with them for the purchase of their mining properties. This would represent an investment of \$10,000,000. By this deal Morgan will succeed in making the coal trust one of the strongest consolidations of capital in the world.

Wayne MacVeagh said today: "You can say that negotiations for a settlement of our dispute with the miners are still in continuance. We want a settlement. All parties to the dispute desire this, and only the resistance of the independents has prevented this from being accomplished sooner."

"I think that in a few days the disgruntled independents will be able to view the matter as we do. For myself, I am just as confident that a settlement will be accomplished as I have ever been."

**FAITHFUL EMPLOYEES.**  
**REWARDED BY BAKER.**

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.**  
BALTIMORE, Dec. 4.—A reward for faithful service was offered N. Baker, former president of the Atlantic Transport Company, now a part of the International Mercantile Marine Company, will distribute nearly half a million dollars among his former employees. To each person who was in the employ of the transport company, one year or more, and who will remain after January 1 in the employ of the International Transportation Company, giving 50 per cent of the stock of the new company, to those employees of the Atlantic company who will lose their positions on that date he will give \$3000 of the stock.

To each employee, such as heads of department, local agents, etc., he will give \$2000 of the stock of the new company, and a certain sum of money.

**Replacing Union Clerks.**

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.**  
NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—A special to the New York Suspended Bridge says that men from the bridge have given the names of a number of Michigan Central freight clerks, who are said to have resigned their positions rather than give up membership in their labor unions.

**This Union Barn Aliens.**

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.**  
NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—The Trades Council of Plainfield, N. J., has formulated plans for the organization of the American League of Workers. The council joined the league, and the members are prohibited from working with unnaturalized foreigners. Branches are to be established in every city in New Jersey, and then the movement is expected to spread to other States.

**Strikers Refuse Compromise.**

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.**  
MARSEILLE, Dec. 4.—The syndicate of ship owners made a proposal to the strikers tonight, which was in the nature of a compromise, but the strike committee declared that the proposition was not acceptable to them as it refuses the majority of the strikers' demands.

**Protects National Guardsmen.**

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.**  
SCHENECTADY (N. Y.) Dec. 4.—Supreme Court Justice Wesley O. Howard today granted an injunction restraining the miners of the city, from in any way treating William Potter as not a member of the union. Potter was expelled from the union because he is a member of the militia, and as such served as a private during the Hudson Valley strike.

**GERMANY.**

**SOCIALIST SINGER LOUDLY USED HIS VOICE.**

**HAD SPEECH TO MAKE, BUT DID NOT GET IT IN.**

**Members of Reichstag Worked into Towering Passion Over Dispute as to Right to the Floor and the Sitting Had to Be Suspended.**

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.**  
BERLIN, Dec. 4.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Reichstag was in a state of wild tumult today for a few minutes over a slight misunderstanding as to who had the right to the floor. Herr Singer, Socialist, had arranged with President Von Ballestrem for recognition at a certain juncture. Meantime the president left the chair after explaining to Vice-President Von Stolberg-Wernigerode, who had the next right to the floor, but the vice-president recognized Herr Schildt of the Centrist party.

Herr Singer started to mount the steps to the tribune, and the vice-president told him to sit down. Herr Singer, in some surprise, stopped on the steps, and Herr Spann took the tribune and began his speech, with Herr Singer loudly protesting, for which the vice-president called him to order, saying his turn for recognition would come later. The members in most a state of confusion and disorder, that all sprang to their feet, the Socialists shouting in support of Herr Singer, and the members of the Center and Right parties supporting the vice-president, who ordered Herr Singer to leave the house. Herr Singer, however, did not leave the room, but went to the door, and the vice-president, who had been shouting for the arrest or removal of recalcitrant members, the vice-president was powerless except to suspend the session for half an hour. At the expiration of that time business was quietly resumed with the aid of a vote of members of the Tariff Committee.

"DOGS OF STATEMENTS."

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.**  
BERLIN, Dec. 4.—With the exception of a two hours' recess for supper, the Reichstag was in continuous session from 10 o'clock this morning until half past 10 o'clock tonight, this being the longest session in the history of the Reichstag. The members called each other "comrades" etc., etc., the long hours having irritated their tempers.

The House on the motion of the president forbade the Socialist, Wurm, to speak because the latter insisted on making a speech on foreign policy and gas—instead of confining his remarks to the paragraph of the bill concerning minerals and raw materials, which was under discussion. The majority is determined to wear out the obstruction by long sessions.

The members of the minority, and the newspapers show much apprehension regarding the political capital that the Socialists are making out of the wranglings in the Reichstag.

**MAY BUY OUT INDEPENDENTS.**  
**BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.**

SCRANTON (Pa.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The coal trust is determined that the public, through the strike commission, shall not know how it conducts its business. The move started by J. Pierpont Morgan's representative, Wayne MacVeagh, to effect a settlement with the miners outside of the commission is still under consideration. To make this movement still more certain, it is now said that the trust will buy out the independent operators. The independents blocked Morgan's plan to effect a settlement ten

## LIKE MICE IN TRAP.

**Fourteen Persons Caught in a Chicago Hotel Fire.**

**Dreadful Disaster the Result of Criminal Negligence.**

**Scores Escape Glad Only in Night Clothes—Firemen Save Many Lives.**

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.**

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—Fourteen men met death by suffocation this morning in a fire which occurred at 4 o'clock in the Lincoln Hotel, No. 156 Madison street. Thirteen of those who lost their lives were stifled while lying in their beds. One victim was taken from the building before life was extinct, but died in the ambulance on the way to the nearest hospital.

Coroner Trager, after inspecting the building, uniting with Fire Chief Musham, declared that the building was a veritable trap, and never should have been used for hotel purposes.

Chief Musham declared that there were such wide cracks in the floors that the smoke poured through the building in clouds, rendering escape extremely difficult for those on the upper floors.

**POISON MYSTERY.**

**George F. Leyh, a Wealthy New York Manufacturer, Killed by Deadly Poison Put in His Beer.**

**BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.**

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—An investigation by the Coroner into the sudden death of George F. Leyh, a wealthy brass manufacturer, who died yesterday evening, has disclosed that the deceased was poisoned.

Leyh was over 70 years old, and is said to have possessed an estate of more than \$300,000. It was his custom to eat luncheon in the rear of his place of business. With his daughters he made his home in apartments above on Tuesday. On Tuesday, the luncheon was broken, and he went into the cellar for a bottle of beer. He took it from a case containing two bottles. On taking off the top, he found the best beer, but drank part of a glass. I tasted badly, and he called to the boy, whom he asked to taste the boy, whom he asked to taste the beer. The boy put the glass to his lips and said the same. Leyh arose and started across the room. Suddenly, he fell and died in twenty minutes.

The doctor found that death was probably caused by strong irritants.

The hotel was four stories in height, and contained many rooms of room for a hotel of its size. After the fire, Chief Musham of the fire department declared that they were the smallest rooms he had ever seen in any building. Had there been fewer persons, he declared, the chances of life for those sleeping on the upper floors of the hotel would have been greatly increased.

F. A. Smith, proprietor of the hotel, declared that there were as nearly as he could determine, 150 persons in the hotel, and that there were 150 beds in one hundred and twenty-five people in the hotel. It was, in fact, filled to its utmost capacity and many applicants for rooms turned away last night, with the information that they could not be accommodated.

Night Clerk Weber discovered the smoke pouring through the halls shortly before 6 o'clock, and did his best to extinguish it. The fire was so intense and increased in volume so rapidly that he was able to arouse only a small number, and he was then compelled to grope his way to the street to avoid suffocation.

The flames came down the one stairway of the building, in all stages of undress, and several leaped from the windows of the second story to the ground.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland authorizing each country to issue additional silver coins to the value of \$2,500,000.

On account of a spreading track a Jacksonville and St. Louis passenger train was wrecked today near Pisgah, Illinois, passenger coach rolling down embankment. George Gilmore of Nortonville received probably fatal injuries.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday ratified an additional monetary arrangement between France

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1902.



## PACIFIC SLOPE MIDDLEMEN ON GRIDDLE.

Fruit Growers Preparing Hot Fire for Them.

To Make Legal Fight Against the Commission Combine.

Cable Reaches San Francisco—Urges Coombs to Contest Victims of Gas.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—The opinion which the fruit growers of California have of the commission merchants of San Francisco was expressed in very certain terms at this morning's meeting in Pioneer Hall. The matter came up in the form of a resolution submitted by A. R. Sprague, as chairman of a special committee to report on the San Francisco market.

This report dealt at length with the trouble which had arisen between the San Francisco Commission Merchants' Association, and the Growers Cooperative Agency, which latter organization was formed with a view of aiding the growers to dispose of their fruit directly. It was asserted that the commission men had declared a boycott on the growers, and had threatened dealers that a continuance of business with the growers would mean a cutting off of supplies. It was further stated that commission men insisted that the growers should disorganize, and should not engage in any cooperative trade, hence it was urged that the proper authorities should be approached and urged to make operation of the law respecting the free market. The resolution was carried amid loud applause.

This morning's meeting of the convention was taken up by the reading and discussion of papers dealing with insects and their control. The contributions were: "Parasites and Predaceous Insects in Orchards," by Alexander Craw; "Injurious Insects," by Prof. C. W. Woodworth; "The Black Peach Aphid in California," by Prof. Warren T. Clarke; "What the Horticultural Commissions Have Done for Southern California," by J. W. Jeffery; and "Destruction of Beneficial Birds," by W. O. Emerson.

This afternoon, the session was un-

der the auspices of the Women's Agricultural and Horticultural Union of California. The theme was the programme: "Aims of the Women's Agricultural and Horticultural Union of California," by Mrs. Marden of Fowler; a paper by Mrs. Ellwood Cooper of San Bernardino; "Village Improvement," by Mrs. R. Parkhurst; "Fowler; Our Forests," by Mrs. J. G. Lemon of Oakland; "Labor, Domestic and Foreign," by Mrs. G. W. Aiken of Glendale; paper by Mrs. Bay of West Covina; "Our Farming Fads," by Mrs. E. Sheppard of Pasadena; "Orange," by Miss L. Hatch and "Turkey Raising," by Mrs. J. Boles, of Fresno.

The question of Chinese and Japanese labor on farms was discussed at considerable length. Mrs. G. W. Aiken of Glendale gave her own experience, which she said, was that the Japanese were large in promise, but faithless in performance. Alexander Gordon of Sacramento believed that the farmers should be allowed to have enough Chinese to do the farm work, while the white men will do. White men, he declared, cannot endure the work of grape picking with the thermometer at 100 in the shade. Mr. Judson of Watsonville favored Japanese in preference to Chinese.

At the close of the debate, C. H. Rogers of Watsonville introduced the following resolution, which was referred to the appropriate committee:

"Resolved, that it is the sense of this convention that the Chinese Exclusion Act should be so amended as to admit farm laborers in restricted numbers."

**PACIFIC CABLE.**

LATING IT SOON BEGINS.  
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—The big cable steamer Silvertown came into port at about noon today with the cable on board that she is to lay between San Francisco and Honolulu. She will be in the harbor for several days filling her bunkers with coal and otherwise preparing for the trip to the islands, paying out the cable behind her as she goes.

In three tanks of the big steamer is coiled 2413 nautical miles of cable. It weighs 4897 tons and it is to be laid along the bottom of the ocean from about one-half a mile south of the Cliff House to a point selected on the shore of the Island of Oahu, near Diamond Head. The steamer will first make one end of the cable fast ashore here, and then she will start the trip to the islands, laying out the cable as she goes, at a rate of about seven knots an hour, and from ten to twelve days will be required to establish telegraphic communication with Honolulu when the steamer once starts.

**RIOT ON 'CHANGE.**

NARROWLY AVERTED.  
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—The big cable steamer Silvertown came into port at about noon today with the cable on board that she is to lay between San Francisco and Honolulu. She will be in the harbor for several days filling her bunkers with coal and otherwise preparing for the trip to the islands, paying out the cable behind her as she goes.

It is known that Secretaries Zaldo and Montes have reached a satisfactory agreement with Gen. Bliss, and that practically all that is left to be done is the signing of the agreement, but they do not wish to assume any responsibility, especially since the recent Cabinet crisis, and in view of the appointment of Mr. Elkins to the part of the Nationalist party to oppose the government. The Nationalists claim to control the House, and the bill referred to is a Nationalist measure.

In a discussion in the House on the subject, Mr. Elkins, who signed the agreement signed by President Palma, and Secretaries Zaldo and Montes would not be binding, and that the matter must be brought before both houses of Parliament, where he said he would be informed regarding the particulars of the proposed treaty in order that it might intelligently discuss the changes in the tariff.

Court-martial Concluded.

ASTORIA (Or.) Dec. 4.—The court-martial which was called to try the case of Private Ernest Thompson, who charged with setting fire to the barracks at Fort Stevens, has concluded its work. The findings of the court will be forwarded to the officials at Washington, and until they receive the verdict, the man will remain in jail. His name is officially known, but it is understood, however, that he has been found guilty on nearly all the charges.

**BOKIN GRANTED DIVORCE.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—Welcome A. Bokin was granted a divorce from Cordelia A. Bokin, yesterday, in Judge Campbell. Mrs. Bokin is in jail here charged with the murder of Mrs. John P. Dunning, whom she is accused of murdering, by means of

supervisors power to grant unlimited extensions of time to contractors.

The first amendment adopted relates to the acquirement of public utilities, and permits of several propositions being submitted at the same election.

The second amendment adds buildings, improvements and lands to the objects for which the people may vote bonds.

The third amendment gives the city the right to lay tracks on the same street used jointly by two or more railroad corporations.

The fifth simplifies street work procedure, and provides that applications for franchises must come from the property owners to be submitted to the Board of Health or Supervisors.

The sixth increases the Assessor's salary to \$3000 per year.

The seventh gives the city power to employ a police force of its own employees instead of contractors.

The eighth allows \$5000 a year for the relief of aged, indigent and infirm exempt firemen of 1850-66.

**COOMBS MAY GET SEAT.**

ADVISED TO HAVE RECOUNT.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—The election of Theodore A. Bell to Congress from the Second California District will be contested, is now probable.

Congressman Frank L. Coombs, who was defeated by 235 votes, has been advised to ask for a recount, on the ground that many illegal votes were counted for Bell. The election of his opponent, however, was declared invalid by the Board of Health.

Congressman Frank L. Coombs, who was defeated by 235 votes, has been advised to ask for a recount, on the ground that many illegal votes were counted for Bell. The election of his opponent, however, was declared invalid by the Board of Health.

**CHIPMAN CONTESTS.**

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.  
SAN JOSE, Dec. 4.—This afternoon L. J. Chipman, defeated Republican candidate for County Superintendent of Schools, contested his election in the Superior Court to gain possession of the office. He alleged that D. T. Rateman, Democratic candidate, who won by 185 votes, was illegally elected, misconduct of election officers being alleged.

**THREE BODIES RECOVERED.**

VICTIMS OF THE PROGRESO.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—At noon today the bodies of two of the men who met death on the Progreso were recovered from the waters of the bay. The bodies were those of Charles Glen Howard and Dowd, both missing.

Several parties spent the morning in small boats, working with grappling hooks. Just at noon the body of Glen was found at the side of, and very near, the Progreso. It was drawn up to the surface, and shortly thereafter identified by a brother of the deceased. The body of Dowd was found immediately afterward, and almost in the same place.

Both of the bodies were terribly tortured and injured, although none of the limbs were missing.

Shortly before 2 o'clock this afternoon the grapping hooks fastened to the surface, it was found to be the body of Joseph Rex, the young son for whom Capt. Rex has been hunting since yesterday. The father identified the body. His grief was pitiable.

**VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.**

OFFICIAL COMPILATION.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—The Secretary of State has completed a compilation of the vote of the entire State on Governor, and has furnished the Associated Press with the following official figures:

Pearl, 149,354; Lane, 142,582; Brower, 98,982; Kanouse, 46,956; scattering, 134.

**VICTIMS OF GAS.**

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—Miss Sarah A. Alexander of No. 987 Noe street was found dead in bed by her sister, Mrs. W. L. Copeland, this morning. The gas jet was turned on by accident, it is thought. The victim was 77 years of age.

Peter Poplin, a stranger in the city, took lodgings last night at 820 Kearny street, and was found dead this morning by a chambermaid. The gas was turned on, but whether by accident or design, is unknown.

**LANE WAS ON HAND.**

GAVE SOME GOOD ADVICE.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.  
PHOENIX (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—Superintendent Head of the Phoenix City Hall was announces the installation at once of a new electrical power plant, replacing the present track with new rails and an extension of the track into suburbs totaling five miles. It is reported that a Sheriff's posse on the trail of a tramp supposed to have murdered Charles Wiles at Gila Bend Saturday night, after which he had broken the house.

B. F. Porter, for five years superintendent of the Maricopa and Phoenix and Salt River Valley Railroad and an expert in the surveying service, was built sixteen years ago, has resigned his position to accept that of superintendent of the Eel River and Eureka Railroad in Northern California. His successor has not been named.

poisoned candy sent through the mails to Dover, Del., where Mrs. Dunn was visiting her parents.

**EADS HIS DIFFICULTIES.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—After brooding over financial difficulties for many weeks, August Bergman, a housekeeper, swallowed carbolic acid this morning and was found dead shortly afterward.

**SMALLPOX AT NOGALES.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BAKER CITY (Or.) Dec. 4.—After brooding over financial difficulties for many weeks, August Bergman, a housekeeper, swallowed carbolic acid this morning and was found dead shortly afterward.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**SMALLPOX AT NOGALES.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BAKER CITY (Or.) Dec. 4.—After brooding over financial difficulties for many weeks, August Bergman, a housekeeper, swallowed carbolic acid this morning and was found dead shortly afterward.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

**Snowalde at CORONADO.**

BISBEE (Ariz.) Dec. 4.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported here that smallpox is raging at Nogales. One hundred and fifty cases are now under the doctors' care. The epidemic started on the Mexican side of the boundary. There have been few deaths so far.

International Six Day  
for the Bicycles.Hot Work Promised at  
Son Square.Senators Win in the Ninth—  
consecutively Team Balkin.  
Horseshoe Events.

## WASHINGTON.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE:

tories as one State and opposing the House omnibus bill.

On motion of Mr. Stewart of Nevada, a concurrent resolution was adopted, calling on the President for the papers in the Pious Fund case, recently decided at The Hague.

At 3:30 o'clock p.m., on motion of Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, the Senate went into executive session.

At 1:05 o'clock p.m., the Senate adjourned until Monday next.

## MOST POPULAR MAN.

PERKINS LAUDS PRESIDENT.  
(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Senator Perkins went to the White House for a few minutes today to see the President, and when he came away, he gave out an interview, as follows:

"President Roosevelt is the most popular man in the West I ever knew. All classes of people have confidence in him and his sincerity and dash."

## AFFECTS LAND LAWS.

BILL OF SENATOR QUARLES.  
(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Senator Quarles has introduced a bill for the repeal of the Desert Land Law, and the law authorizing the entry to timber and stone lands under the places mining laws, and also a provision of the homestead law, permitting the commutation of homestead entries.

Senator Quarles said the intention of the bill is to preserve the public lands for the actual settlers, and that he desired to have all laws for the entry of the public lands, except the homestead law, repealed. He was convinced, he said, that these laws had been abused.

## NOMINATED BY PRESIDENT.

THREE FORTUNATE ONES.  
(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Robert M. McNamee, Pennsylvania (now Comptroller), to be Comptroller-General at Canton, China.

Martin A. Knapp of New York, Inter-American Commerce Commissioner (reappointment).

George W. Ellis, Kansas, secretary of legation at Monroe, Liberia.

Also a large number of army promotions and appointments.

## HOLMES CONFIRMED.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Hon. Oliver Wendell Holmes to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

## FAVORABLE REPORTS.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations today authorized favorable reports on all the nominations to diplomatic positions before it, as follows:

Robert McCormack, Ambassador to Russia.

Charlesmange Tower, Ambassador to Germany.

Beltram Storer, Ambassador to Austria.

David S. Thompson, Minister to Brazil.

William E. Sorby, Minister to Bolivia.

H. J. B. Jackson, Minister to Greece.

Arthur S. Hardy, Minister to Spain.

Leslie Combes, Minister to Guatemala.

Percival Dodge, secretary of the embassy at Berlin.

B. A. Pitt, second secretary at Berlin.

Peter A. Jay, third secretary at Paris.

## CLOSING THE RUNWAYS.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The several commissioners of immigration, who have been in conference here with Commissioner-General Sage, primarily with a view to securing a more uniform interpretation and enforcement of the immigration laws at the largest ports of the country, concluded their work today. It is understood the department has specific information as to several points on both the Canadian and Mexican frontiers, where immigrants have been held up by the United States until unclaimed, and arrangements are perfecting under which the runways will be closed and a more rigid inspection of the frontier put into operation.

The immigration bill now pending in the Senate was also discussed, and several suggestions, bearing principally on the administrative features of the measure, will be made to the Immigration Commission, which meets next Monday morning. It is understood that the suggested changes do not change in the general features of the pending bill.

## GIFT TO THE PRESIDENT.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Lieut. D. Parmenter, naval attaché of the French Embassy, today presented to the President on behalf of President Loubet of France, and as a personal gift from him a copy of "The Annual of the French Navy."

The book is a handsome specimen of French workmanship. It is bound in kid, and is beautifully embossed in blue and gold. The pages are of silk, and the book bears the name of the presentation from President Loubet to President Roosevelt. President Roosevelt expressed his appreciation of the gift, and extended thanks and continued good wishes to President Loubet.

## CAUTION TO HIGGINSON.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Secretary Moody has taken note of the press reports coming from Cuban ports to the effect that the sailors of that part of the North Atlantic squadron, which is to defend Culebra Island are suffering from extra work, imposed upon them in digging a canal to circulate sea water through a stagnant pool on the island. These reports were to the effect that the sailors were much distressed by heat and cold, and that much sickness prevailed. He has sent the following message to Admiral Higginson:

"Avoid using enlisted men for canal work if conditions unsanitary. If native assistance is available and necessary to employ it, report estimate expense. Regard private owners' rights in such work."

## POSTOFFICE REFORMS.

(TWO DECISIONS AGAINST THEM.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Practically the whole policy of the Postoffice Department in its recent classification reforms is involved in three decisions rendered by the District Court of Appeals. In two of the cases, the de-

cisions are against the Postoffice Department, and in the other the government is sustained. All three cases will be appealed.

The two cases decided adversely to the government are those of the National Railway Publication Company and the Railway District Company. The former is in suit in the case of the Chicago Business College. The lower court is sustained in each of the three cases. The court's opinion is that the Postmaster-General had not committed to the Postmaster-General or anyone else the determination of what should be carried in the mails as second-class or third-class matter, that power being reserved exclusively to Congress, which makes the classification.

In the Chicago Business-college publication case, the court holds that this college is not "an institution of learning," such as Congress contemplated admitting to the second-class rate.

## ROBOT BILL TO PASS.

SENATE COMMITTEE FAVORABLE  
(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Senator Perkins went to the White House for a few minutes today to see the President, and when he came away, he gave out an interview, as follows:

"President Roosevelt is the most popular man in the West I ever knew. All classes of people have confidence in him and his sincerity and dash."

## TREATY WITH CUBA.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The President is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation. Such a solution of the commercial obligations of the United States to Cuba would be entirely satisfactory to Senator Elkins and many of his Senatorial colleagues.

## GIACOMINI'S COMET.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department prepared today by Assistant Commissioner Richards of the General Land Office, which totals \$4,000,000 of land were disposed of by the government during the first quarter of the current fiscal year, the receipts therefrom aggregating \$2,615,089, an increase of \$60,778 acres in area and \$1,184,916 in receipts over the first quarter of the last fiscal year.

## ROBERT'S LAND SALES.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation.

## SIEBEL.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The President is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation.

## SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Charles Henry Perkins, an attorney-at-law of New York City, was appointed reporter for the district one of the State Courts of the United States. He succeeds Bancroft Davis, who resigned last September. The new official is 43 years of age. He has practiced law in New York for several years past, and is a member of the American Bar Association.

## PROSPECTIVE CITIZENS FREE.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department has denied the application of George Henry Perkins, of New York, for a passport to represent the United States in the Pan American Conference to be held in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, in December.

## REAL CANAL.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department has denied the application of George Henry Perkins, of New York, for a passport to represent the United States in the Pan American Conference to be held in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, in December.

## CONCHA BULLRED PROCEEDINGS.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Dr. Concha is anxious to rush negotiations for a Colombian Canal treaty with the United States. He intimated today that the deadlock created a week ago was due more to the arbitrary assumption of power by Minister Concha than to the misunderstanding or deliberate refusal of the Colombian government to accede to conditions named by the United States.

Concha seemed to regard himself as an ambassador having full power to decide for his government what it should do, and in this connection, it is admitted, he has done so.

## TREATY WITH CUBA.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department has decided to accept the terms of the Cuban reciprocity treaty for a reciprocity treaty with the United States.

Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg, in a statement to the Associated Press, said that the Cuban government had agreed to the terms of the reciprocity treaty.

It is expected that the Cuban government will ratify the treaty in December.

Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg, in a statement to the Associated Press, said that the Cuban government had agreed to the terms of the reciprocity treaty.

It is expected that the Cuban government will ratify the treaty in December.

Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg, in a statement to the Associated Press, said that the Cuban government had agreed to the terms of the reciprocity treaty.

It is expected that the Cuban government will ratify the treaty in December.

Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg, in a statement to the Associated Press, said that the Cuban government had agreed to the terms of the reciprocity treaty.

It is expected that the Cuban government will ratify the treaty in December.

Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg, in a statement to the Associated Press, said that the Cuban government had agreed to the terms of the reciprocity treaty.

It is expected that the Cuban government will ratify the treaty in December.

Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg, in a statement to the Associated Press, said that the Cuban government had agreed to the terms of the reciprocity treaty.

It is expected that the Cuban government will ratify the treaty in December.

attributed to any other cause than the effects of an increased supply of liquor in connection with military posts, which appeared to do the discipline and morals of the army."

## WASHINGON BRIEFS.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The House Committee on Appropriations has agreed on the Pension Appropriation Bill. It appropriates \$128,547,600, which is \$570 more than for the current year.

## Pension-law investigation.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—A joint resolution providing for a commission to investigate the pension laws has been introduced in the Senate by Mr. Scott of West Virginia.

## Territories and Irrigation.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—F. M. Newell, hydrographer of the Geological Survey, today gave testimony before the Senate Committee on Territories concerning the lands in the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico which are capable of being made productive by irrigation.

## Root's Bill to Pass.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The Senate Committee on Territories has introduced a bill to the Senate to support the representations of the measure by Secretary Root and Gen. Pershing.

## Treaty with Cuba.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The President is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation.

## SIEBEL.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation.

## Supreme Court Report.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation.

## SIEBEL.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation.

## Supreme Court Report.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation.

## SIEBEL.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation.

## Supreme Court Report.

(BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The State Department is assured that if the negotiations with Cuba for a reciprocity treaty are concluded satisfactorily by the State Department, the treaty will be ratified by the Senate soon after its presentation.

## SIEBEL.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1902.

## Los Angeles Daily Times.

## SPORTING RECORD.

**PICKED MEN  
ON WHEELS.**

*International Six Day Race  
for the Bicycles.*

*Hot Work Promised at Madison Square.*

*Senators Win in the Ninth—Wisconsin Team Balking.  
Horserace Events.*

... more  
increasing, as it  
obtain gems of

reduced  
diamonds  
are prepared  
cordially  
by a visit.

333 South  
Broadway.

ON OF STOCK WITH  
EXCLUSIVE WITH

**\$3 Hats**

... except the latest.

**Underwear**

what do you wear?  
you ever paid else-

**Hatter,**  
Berth

... lighted

in the roofs,  
This last

it not only  
but also, in  
berth lights  
are turned on

Foothills  
and  
Santa City:

... Standard,  
Southern

**ICE  
ST.  
LILLER,**  
Ag.

of

**Wood...**

IN AND SPRING

ever brought to  
or quality—new-  
er-able goods for

the city. Some of

13 in. \$2.50  
... \$2.00  
... 75¢  
... 75¢  
... 50¢  
... 50¢

**Art**  
—Including

: Rich Bric-a-Brac;  
Pictures, etc. Store

and Broadway.

are treat for all who

are trouble to come,

that if you appre-  
ciate our

appropriate gifts for

The Sun's price are,

—the lowest.

every kind of beau-  
tiful. Store No. 4, Fourth

Street.

**ing Co**

Main St. and M.  
Main St. Main St.  
Main St. Main St.  
Main St. Main St.

... Main St. Main St.</p

## THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS..... President and General Manager.  
HARRY CHANDLER..... Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.  
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER..... Secretary.  
ALBERT MCGRANDELL..... Treasurer.  
PUBLISHERS OF

## The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday,  
and Weekly Magazine.

Vol. 43, No. 2. Founded Dec. 4, 1861  
EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR.

ADVERTISING SERVICE.—Full reports of the news and Advertisements of the Los Angeles Times, covering the globe; from 15,000 to 25,000 words per day, and over 100,000 words per week.  
TERMS.—Daily and Sunday, including Magazine Section, 75 cents a month, or \$8.00 a year;  
Daily without Sunday, \$7.50 a year; Sunday, \$8.50; Magazine only, \$8.50; Weekly, \$1.50.  
NEWSPAPER CIRCULATION.—Daily, our average for 1891, 15,000; for 1892, 15,000; for 1893, 15,000; for 1894, 15,000; for 1895, 15,000; for 1896, 15,000; for 1897, 15,000; for 1898, 15,000; for 1899, 15,000; for 1900, 15,000; for 1901, 15,000; for 1902, 15,000.  
TELEPHONES.—Counting Room, Subscription Department, Editorial Rooms, City Editor and local news room, Press 1.  
AGENTS.—Eastern Agents, Williams & Lawrence, New York; 51 Washington street, Chicago. Washington Bureau, 46 Post Building, where the latest copies of the Times may be consulted.

Offices: Times Building, Post and Broadway.

Entered at the Los Angeles Post Office for transmission as well as other of the second class.

## ANNUAL MIDWINTER NUMBER.

The Times' Special Midwinter issue will appear on January 1, 1903. It will tell the complete story of the year's progress in the Southwest. The descriptive matter will be in condensed form, and will give in the least number of words possible a history of the chief events of the year in each county and town of Southern California.

As usual, it will be the aim of the publishers to surpass the efforts of all rivals in the same direction. They expect to succeed in their efforts.

To prospective settlers in this region it will prove of much value in that its information will be timely, authentic, and specific. Citizens and visitors will find it valuable for the information it will give to friends in the East who may be interested in the present prosperous conditions in the Southwest.

It will be the aim of the publishers to make the edition so valuable, both for the matter it contains and for its fine letterpress and workmanship, that, like its predecessor, it will have a circulation covering the entire United States. It is expected that at least 100,000 copies will be issued.

Advertisers who desire to place announcements in this special issue should send in their copy not later than December 1. Advertising rates given on application to

## THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

**BUSINESS.**  
The credits exchanged at the Los Angeles clearinghouse yesterday amounted to \$600,000,000, as compared with \$601,979,580 for the corresponding period of last year. The figures show the usual 50 per cent. of increase over a year ago. Business is active.

The Chicago grain market was strong in tone. The close was 1/4 cent higher at 75%. An attempt to put up prices of stocks at New York did not succeed, and the market became weak, with final prices lower than those of the preceding night.

## SHALL WE HAVE A TARIFF COMMISSION?

Thus far the proposition for the creation of a tariff commission has met with scant favor among Republicans in any section. The President, in his annual message, does not venture further than to suggest the possibility that such a commission might be of use, carefully refraining from recommending that it be established. The President's views on this question are expressed as follows:

"Wherever the tariff conditions are such that a needed change cannot with advantage be made by the application of the reciprocity idea, then it can be made outright by a lowering of duties on a given product. If possible, such change should be made only after the fullest consideration by practical experts, who should approach the subject from a business standpoint, having in view both the particular interests affected and the commercial well-being of the people as a whole. The machinery for providing such careful investigation can readily be supplied. The Executive Department has already at its disposal methods of collecting facts and figures; and if the Congress desires additional consideration to that which will be given the subject by its own committees, then a commission of business experts can be appointed whose duty it should be to recommend action by the Congress after a deliberate and scientific examination of the various schedules as they are affected by the changed and changing conditions. The untried and untried report of this commission would show what changes should be made in the various schedules, and how far these changes could go without also changing the great prosperity which this country is now enjoying, or upsetting its fixed economic policy."

The President apparently is inclined to favor the creation of a tariff commission, though he is non-committal on the subject—more so, in fact, than on any other subject treated in the message. It is hardly too much to say that the consensus of opinion among protectionists is decidedly unfavorable to the proposed commission. Unless there should be a radical change of opinion, there will not be much likelihood that the matter will be seriously considered at the present session of Congress, nor at future sessions, while the Republican majority in that body is retained.

The functions of a tariff commission would, in any case, be merely advisory. It could not be endowed with powers of legislation, and it should not be clothed with such powers. If Congress were authorized to take so radical a departure. Inasmuch, therefore, as the work of a tariff commission, if one were created, would be only advisory and in no sense binding upon Congress, why go to the heavy expense of creating such a commission, when the work which it would do can be done—and perhaps as well done—by other agencies, either by special committees of Congress, or through the Executive Department?

The latter, as the President says, "has almost at its disposal methods of collecting facts and figures." This in the final summing up, is about all a tariff commission would do. The responsibility for tariff legislation rests wholly upon Congress. All that is needed as a basis for intelligent ac-

## PHILIPPINE CURRENCY.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts introduced a bill in the Senate yesterday designed to regulate the currency in the Philippine Islands, and to establish it on a gold basis.

The precise nature of Senator Lodge's bill is not indicated in the dispatches, except in a general way as above noted. But there is no room for doubt that legislation by Congress is very much needed to "regulate" the Philippine currency. The marked decline in the value of silver, within the past few months, has caused much trouble and commercial distress in the islands. Further fluctuations in the value of silver are imminent and in the meantime, while the finances of the islands remain practically on the silver basis, there is no guarantee of permanence in values.

A fluctuating medium of exchange is undesirable from every point of view. It is demoralizing to legitimate business. It encourages speculation. It unsettles trade. It restrains or paralyzes wholesome enterprise. The fact is clear, therefore, that Congress is in duty bound to take cognizance of the conditions existing in the Philippines, and to provide such remedies as are within its power.

These islands are now, in part, and parcel of American territory. Our flag floats over them, and it will never come down, for its sovereign protection is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon the Filipinos. Why, then, since our destiny is indissolubly and irrevocably linked with those of the Philippines, should not our currency system be extended in full to the islands, as it has been extended to Hawaii?

The American currency system should be uniform throughout all American territory. This proposition is axiomatic. The Filipinos have been so long accustomed to the adjustment of values upon the basis of Mexican silver that the change to a gold basis would necessarily be attended with some difficulties. But none of these prospective difficulties are insurmountable, and most of them are imaginary rather than real. If some people feared he would be in the President's chair, Col. Roosevelt is proving himself to be safe, conservative and as steady as a clock. All of which goes to show how easily one can be mistaken.

A Yuma Indian is biding because he has had his hair cut. Had it been lifted in the good old red man's way he would not have heard from the aborigine a single remark. Civilized methods of procedure have their drawbacks.

Instead of being the Hotspur that some people feared he would be, in the President's chair, Col. Roosevelt is proving himself to be safe, conservative and as steady as a clock. All of which goes to show how easily one can be mistaken.

A Yuma Indian is biding because he has had his hair cut. Had it been lifted in the good old red man's way he would not have heard from the aborigine a single remark. Civilized methods of procedure have their drawbacks.

Oklahoma will come mincing into the union with graceful steps, from all appearances, but Arizona and New Mexico will be compelled to wait until their skirts are a little longer grown. It is too bad, little sister.

The idea of special silver coinage, or special currency legislation of any kind, for the Philippines, is manifestly wrong. The sooner they are placed upon the same currency basis as other parts of the United States, the better it will be not only for our own government and people, but for the government and people of the Philippines. Congress will fail of its duty if the present session be adjourned without the enactment of wise and satisfactory legislation on this subject.

The contract has been let for the new Chamber of Commerce building, which is to stand on the spot in the "decaying end of town," that gave the twilight pianola spasms of different voices. Excavating will begin early and the walls will soon pile up in the air between First and Second streets, on Broadway, on the highest building in the country. This milestone in the march of improvement that Los Angeles is making—a forced march, as it were, because of the high rate of speed we are keeping up—is something in the way of a milestone that the patriotic Angelites may point to with pride when his friends come here to look the town over. The building will be a work of art, and the artists in progress who are to occupy it will at last have a home befitting their deserts. Felicitations are in order to all concerned.

According to Chairman Gray of the tariff committee, the hearings there are likely to last until doom cracks open unless the contestants change their tactics. It does look as if the commission had an army contract on its hands, but no more important undertaking was ever entered upon in this country than the question of getting at the true bottomlessness, inwardness and outwardness of the everlasting, everlasting and pestiferous hair-splitting.

The delegation of such powers to a commission of any kind is of questionable wisdom. The negotiation of treaties properly belongs to the President, as represented in the Department of State. Even the quasi-exercise of that power by a commission is of doubtful utility.

The Supreme Court has decided, in the case of Field vs. Clark (Vol 142, United States Reports, page 649) that the President may suspend taxes if the power to do so is given him by Congress. This decision was rendered when the constitutionality of the reciprocity clause of the tariff act of 1890 (the McKinley law) was called into question. But the wisdom of conferring such power and of placing such responsibility upon the President is questionable. The laying of taxes and the remission of taxes are properly legislative functions. Upon Congress rests the responsibility for national legislation, of whatsoever nature, and Congress should be very slow to evade this responsibility, or to abrogate its function, in this particular.

In brief, this whole matter of tariff legislation and regulation rests properly with Congress, and in the opinion of many well-informed persons is warmly indorsed in many sections of the State. The more the matter is considered, the more apparent it becomes that it is both illogical and absurd for a county convention, of limited and defined functions, to presume to "instruct" candidates on other and different conventions. It is evident that, as one writer states, "to admit or permit such procedure might, and in cases of the like, interfere with the rights of the people to elect their own representatives." The laying of taxes and the remission of taxes are properly legislative functions. Upon Congress rests the responsibility for national legislation, of whatsoever nature, and Congress should be very slow to evade this responsibility, or to abrogate its function, in this particular.

In brief, this whole matter of tariff legislation and regulation rests properly with Congress, and in the opinion of many well-informed persons is warmly indorsed in many sections of the State. The more the matter is considered, the more apparent it becomes that it is both illogical and absurd for a county convention, of limited and defined functions, to presume to "instruct" candidates on other and different conventions. It is evident that, as one writer states, "to admit or permit such procedure might, and in cases of the like, interfere with the rights of the people to elect their own representatives." The laying of taxes and the remission of taxes are properly legislative functions. Upon Congress rests the responsibility for national legislation, of whatsoever nature, and Congress should be very slow to evade this responsibility, or to abrogate its function, in this particular.

About the only place that the big railway lines of the East appear to be reaching out for is the Pacific Coast. There must be something in the prospect of this glorious country that appeals to the magnates of the tariff sheet, the box car, and the fast express. The St. Paul road is the latest to acquire entrance to the Pacific gateway to the Orient through a traffic arrangement with the Southern Pacific and the Oregon Short Line, and after the last meeting the line will operate through passenger trains from Milwaukee to Pacific Coast points.

Gen. Dewey, the famous Boer fighting man, has found out what it means to buck against the copperheads. Just as we of the North did during our great war for the Union. He asserts that but for the aid given the British by natives of Boerland the British would have been bottled up in Pretoria and independence for the Transvaal secured beyond question. In this instance there is little doubt that the copperhead has proven a good thing for the country in which he has his eyes.

According to Willis Bryan of Nebraska, the recent election did not change conditions a particle. It certainly didn't change William any. His eyes are set.

Congress has been in session four days, and Buley of Texas hasn't hit anybody in the eye yet. This is certainly a proud and noble record.

Strawberries from Southern California to 75 cents per box, in Chicago and other eastern markets. Pauline, don't you like the picture?

Boarding-house prices in New York have advanced \$1 per week. That's what comes of the work of that devilish primum.

Betting upon elections some must win and some must lose. "So runs the world away."

A good many people are wondering what happened when Beveridge met Bailey.

Sacramento is also going to have another railroad. At least one is promised that town in the dispatches. It should be remembered that Sacramento is a

town on the Sacramento River, not far from Danville. The Legislature is to meet there, but at other times the place is not on the map. Another railroad should serve to help the traveling public to find Sacramento without a guide.

The last opponent of Mr. Cannon's aspirations to the Speakership of the House, Mr. Dalesel, having gracefully withdrawn from the arena, the big gun of Illinois is reasonably sure that it is to be set up under the spreading pinions of the eagle bird poised above the chair, and trained on the beaten garden below, for some time to come.

The northern railway lines, having put in force a \$25 settlers' rate from St. Paul to the Pacific Coast points, we ought soon to see many more new faces among us. There are so many on the streets of Los Angeles now that the old residents begin to feel like a stranger.

Milwaukee is so delighted with a simple voting machine used in the late election that it has ordered 100 more for the next political round-up. If the voting machine works so well in the bear country it ought to be just the thing for this California climate.

The Times' Special Midwinter issue will appear on January 1, 1903. It will tell the complete story of the year's progress in the Southwest. The descriptive matter will be in condensed form, and will give in the least number of words possible a history of the chief events of the year in each county and town of Southern California.

As usual, it will be the aim of the publishers to surpass the efforts of all rivals in the same direction. They expect to succeed in their efforts.

To prospective settlers in this region it will prove of much value in that its information will be timely, authentic, and specific. Citizens and visitors will find it valuable for the information it will give to friends in the East who may be interested in the present prosperous conditions in the Southwest.

It will be the aim of the publishers to make the edition so valuable, both for the matter it contains and for its fine letterpress and workmanship, that, like its predecessor, it will have a circulation covering the entire United States. It is expected that at least 100,000 copies will be issued.

Advertisers who desire to place announcements in this special issue should send in their copy not later than December 1. Advertising rates given on application to

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

**BUSINESS.**  
The credits exchanged at the Los Angeles clearinghouse yesterday amounted to \$600,000,000, as compared with \$601,979,580 for the corresponding period of last year. The figures show the usual 50 per cent. of increase over a year ago. Business is active.

The Chicago grain market was strong in tone. The close was 1/4 cent higher at 75%. An attempt to put up prices of stocks at New York did not succeed, and the market became weak, with final prices lower than those of the preceding night.

## SHALL WE HAVE A TARIFF COMMISSION?

Thus far the proposition for the creation of a tariff commission has met with scant favor among Republicans in any section. The President, in his annual message, does not venture further than to suggest the possibility that such a commission might be of use, carefully refraining from recommending that it be established. The President's views on this question are expressed as follows:

"Wherever the tariff conditions are such that a needed change cannot with advantage be made by the application of the reciprocity idea, then it can be made outright by a lowering of duties on a given product. If possible, such change should be made only after the fullest consideration by practical experts, who should approach the subject from a business standpoint, having in view both the particular interests affected and the commercial well-being of the people as a whole. The machinery for providing such careful investigation can readily be supplied. The Executive Department has already at its disposal methods of collecting facts and figures; and if the Congress desires additional consideration to that which will be given the subject by its own committees, then a commission of business experts can be appointed whose duty it should be to recommend action by the Congress after a deliberate and scientific examination of the various schedules as they are affected by the changed and changing conditions. The untried and untried report of this commission would show what changes should be made in the various schedules, and how far these changes could go without also changing the great prosperity which this country is now enjoying, or upsetting its fixed economic policy."

The President apparently is inclined to favor the creation of a tariff commission, though he is non-committal on the subject—more so, in fact, than on any other subject treated in the message. It is hardly too much to say that the consensus of opinion among protectionists is decidedly unfavorable to the proposed commission. Unless there should be a radical change of opinion, there will not be much likelihood that the matter will be seriously considered at the present session of Congress, nor at future sessions, while the Republican majority in that body is retained.

The functions of a tariff commission would, in any case, be merely advisory. It could not be endowed with powers of legislation, and it should not be clothed with such powers. If Congress were authorized to take so radical a departure. Inasmuch, therefore, as the work of a tariff commission, if one were created, would be only advisory and in no sense binding upon Congress, why go to the heavy expense of creating such a commission, when the work which it would do can be done—and perhaps as well done—by other agencies, either by special committees of Congress, or through the Executive Department?

The latter, as the President says, "has almost at its disposal methods of collecting facts and figures." This in the final summing up, is about all a tariff commission would do. The responsibility for tariff legislation rests wholly upon Congress. All that is needed as a basis for intelligent ac-

tion is to make the bill in the Senate to regulate the currency in the Philippine Islands, and to establish it on a gold basis.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts introduced a bill in the Senate yesterday designed to regulate the currency in the Philippine Islands, and to establish it on a gold basis.

The precise nature of Senator Lodge's bill is not indicated in the dispatches, except in a general way as above noted. But there is no room for doubt that legislation by Congress is very much needed to "regulate" the Philippine currency. The marked decline in the value of silver, within the past few months, has caused much trouble and commercial distress in the islands. Further fluctuations in the value of silver are imminent and in the meantime, while the finances of the islands remain practically on the silver basis, there is no guarantee of permanence in values.

The last opponent of Mr. Cannon's aspirations to the Speakership of the House, Mr. Dalesel, having gracefully withdrawn from the arena, the big gun of Illinois is reasonably sure that it is to be set up under the spreading pinions of the eagle bird poised above the chair, and trained on the beaten garden below, for some time to come.

The last opponent of Mr. Cannon's aspirations to the Speakership of the House, Mr. Dalesel, having gracefully withdrawn from the arena, the big gun of Illinois is reasonably sure that it is to be set up under the spreading pinions of the eagle bird poised above the chair, and trained on the beaten garden below, for some time to come.

The last opponent of Mr. Cannon's aspirations to the Speakership of the House, Mr. Dalesel, having gracefully withdrawn from the arena, the big gun of Illinois is reasonably sure that it is to be set up under the spreading pinions of the eagle bird poised above the chair, and trained on the beaten garden below, for some time to come.

The last opponent of Mr. Cannon's aspirations to the Speakership of the House, Mr. Dalesel, having gracefully withdrawn from the arena, the big gun of Illinois is reasonably sure that it is to be set up under the spreading pinions of the eagle bird poised above the chair, and trained on the beaten garden below, for some time to come.

The last opponent of Mr. Cannon's aspirations to the Speakership of the House, Mr. Dalesel, having gracefully withdrawn from the arena, the big gun of Illinois is reasonably sure that it is to be set up under the spreading pinions of the eagle bird poised above the chair, and trained on the beaten garden below, for some time to come.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1902.

## Los Angeles Daily Times.

7

building on the south Franklin and Seward. C. T. Cowell and occupied by Harris on Clothing Company, Inc., by Architect John Hebborn for \$29,250. Work is to be finished. The improvements will consist of glass fronts second stories of the

Market.

Chamber of Commerce and Changes Made in League Laws.

CATED PRESS-A.M.] Dec. 4.—The Finance Committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce made a "feasible measure" out tightness in the budget. The report says in

the right down to the only thing which make our financial system solid and sound is to be in tend, and that to bank upon a curtailed beyond the usual issues of the credit of the country and based under the law."

Suggests that banks be given their circulation funds that place us in the lead for extra values in boys' clothing

The report was adopted.

The committee was directed to per-

sonally surrender.

PRENTIS REIRE. N. Dec. 4.—An amendment to the Appropriation Bill for the benefit of the late Thomas T. Herring, general manager of the Committee on Gas. Prentis was United St. Pierre, Martinique, and was destroyed by the Mount Pelee volcano, and

victims.

Dec. 4.—By the uncom-

fort of the men the strike

finished for a

day came to an end

at Greater New York

ROUTING OF ORANGE CARS THE QUESTION.

CITRUS FRUIT CASE AGAINST RAILROADS HEARD.

BETTER than a page of talk is an invitation to come and look at our South window, which this week is entirely devoted to a grand display of boys' attire, a display with the stamp of goodness on every article, and marked at prices that place us in the lead for extra values in boys' clothing

The man who talks but fails to act is trying to get a reputation on credit."







**Liners.****To Let—**

**Plates.**  
TO LET—**FURNISHED.** A good 6-room flat, walking distance, good location. A. T. Morgan Apartments, near 14th & Broadway, upstairs, rooms 14-15. Telephone 1264.

TO LET—**NEW, STRICTLY MODERN 6 AND 7 ROOM PLAT.** Located at 11th & Hill St; no children between 5 and 14 years allowed in flats. W. L. HOLLINGSWORTH CO., 282 S. Hill St. Tel. 1264.

TO LET—**NEW 6-PLAT.** 25-ROOM, detached building, every convenience; most of it rented; walking distance; fine neighborhood. 671 KIP, corner of Seventh.

TO LET—**NEW, FURNISHED SUNNY PLAT.** 6 rooms, 1 bath, 11th & Hill St; electricity; board for one per part. PAY. HILL, 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**NEW PLATE.** HOUSE IN town for two persons; furnished; price \$5. 252 Calumet Ave.; price \$5 per month. INQUIRIES, 147 W. Spring St.

TO LET—**NEW 1-ROOM PLATE.** MODERN, clean, airy, well furnished; all new; finished in ten days. Inquire 75 S. FIGUEROA.

TO LET—**NEATLY FURNISHED SUNNY PLATE.** 6 rooms, 1 bath, 11th & Hill St; BURTON, room 145 E. Broadway, 10 a.m.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** UNFURNISHED, 225 Calumet Ave.; price \$5 per month. INQUIRIES, 147 W. Spring St.

TO LET—**NEW 1-ROOM PLATE.** MODERN, clean, airy, well furnished; all new; finished in ten days. Inquire 75 S. FIGUEROA.

TO LET—**NEATLY FURNISHED SUNNY PLATE.** 6 rooms, 1 bath, 11th & Hill St; BURTON, room 145 E. Broadway, 10 a.m.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** UNFURNISHED, 225 Calumet Ave.; price \$5 per month. INQUIRIES, 147 W. Spring St.

TO LET—**PRIVATE, WITHOUT SECURITY.** low rates. WATSON & CO., suite 221 Trust Building. Phone Main 4814.

CASH CONFIDENTIALLY LOANED SALARIED PERSONS ON NOTES, without security or inconsiderate rates; easy payment. MURPHY, 72 S. Los Angeles St., Los Angeles.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** MODERN, 11th & Hill St; furniture for sale; all new. 221 MAPLE Ave.

TO LET—**4-ROOM PLAT.** CLOSE IN, G. W. BURTON, 11th & Hill St, room 1, 10 a.m.

TO LET—**HANDSOMELY FURNISHED.** Furnished 8-room flat, 124 S. Hill St. Tel. 198 E. Broadway.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.

TO LET—**5-ROOM PLAT.** FURNISHED, AT 11th & Hill St.



## We Cater to

## ALL

## Your Shoe Wants

If you only want to pay \$1.50, we can fit you,

or if you are willing to pay \$8.00, you can

get shoes here that are worth \$8.00, and at

all prices between.

We make a great specialty, how-

ever, of two lines—the "H. &amp; B. Speci-

al" at \$3.50 and the "Turner" shoe

at \$3.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00.

## The "Turner" Shoe

Represents the highest grade shoemaking in the United States. We are proud of them, so are some of the best dressed men in Los Angeles. We have some exclusive "Turner" styles.

## HAMILTON &amp; BAKER

239 SOUTH SPRING

Our Christmas Slippers just arrived, prices 75c to \$3.50.

## Eyes This Way!

All eyes that come our way are fits, with glasses that help their eyes. Glasses that give a clear vision, that make reading easy, the take the strain from the eyes—perfect glasses.

BOSTON OPTICAL CO., KYTE &amp; GRANGER Proprietors

239 South Spring St.

## For Rent==

Winery.

A splendid winery, fully equipped.

Situated at 1923 N. Main Street.

Los Angeles. Apply to

R. A. ROWAN,

419 Doug as Building.

Complete line Indian Baskets, Blankets, Zarapes and

drawn work. Get our prices.

Campbell's Curio Store,

329 South Spring.



# THE PUBLIC SERVICE—OFFICIAL DOINGS.

## SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

Samuel M. Haskins stated last night that he has not decided to contest the election of his Republican opponent. The official count gives Leland a plurality of seventy-eight votes, three more than announced in The Times the morning after the election.

Pedro Morales was sentenced to State's prison for ten years yesterday. Prof. Billy Manning has had a little trouble with his wife, and has brought suit to get a trunk from a transfer company.

Gasworks Lowe failed to put up ball for his workmen, who were arraigned in the Police Court yesterday.

## AT THE CITY HALL.

HASKINS UNDECIDED  
ABOUT ELECTION CONTEST.

**FRIENDS URGE HIM TO DEMAND BALLOT RECOUNT.**

Many Republicans Ask Leland to Offer Defeated Opponent Clerk Deputyship in Clerk's Office—Bowen Stated for President of Council.

Samuel M. Haskins, defeated Democratic candidate for City Clerk, has not definitely decided whether he will contest the election of his opponent, Harry J. Leland. Great pressure has been brought to bear on Mr. Haskins to defray the expenses of a recount. Several attorneys have offered their services free of charge.

"In two or three days I will announce my decision," said Haskins last night. "Such liberal and flattering offers of support in the event of a contest have been made by friends and others that I cannot lightly ignore them. I am very reluctant to entertain the idea of contesting." But for the importance of friends who worked so hard for me in the campaign I should dismiss the matter and accept my apparent defeat without a murmur. However, there are those besides myself who feel an interest in the outcome, and I cannot make a final decision without carefully considering their advice."

Later yesterday afternoon the Council completed the canvass of the votes cast in the ninety-five precincts of the city. When the council convened yesterday it was seen that four or five days would be consumed in the canvass if the plan of the first day was followed. Consequently the Council divided into three canvassing boards. In this way the canvass was expedited to such an extent that all the precincts were covered before the afternoon adjourned.

Leland's plurality for City Clerk as shown by the official count is 23 votes. This plurality is just three votes greater than that announced for Leland in The Times the morning after election, and exactly the plurality given in the official returns. The election results were checked and added in the City Clerk's office and also in the Auditor's office, after which the two sets of totals were compared and added. The official result is as follows:

**WARD TOTALS FOR CLERK.**

Leopold Haskins (Rep.) (Dem.)	578
First Ward.....	603
Second Ward.....	972
Third Ward.....	977
Fourth Ward.....	1491
Fifth Ward.....	125
Sixth Ward.....	1243
Seventh Ward.....	1087
Eighth Ward.....	232
Ninth Ward.....	496
Totals.....	3899
Leland's plurality, 78	78

There was not sufficient time last night for the canvassing clerks to complete the official returns for Mayor, and that will be done this morning. A hasty check of the official precinct results was made which shows a plurality for Mayor Snyder of 295. It is barely possible that the official returns will show a plurality of over 2000. The count of the unofficial addition of precinct returns gives the following results:

**WARD TOTALS FOR MAYOR.**

W. Snyder (Rep.) (Dem.)	6441
First Ward.....	613
Second Ward.....	628
Third Ward.....	524
Fourth Ward.....	1349
Fifth Ward.....	882
Sixth Ward.....	929
Seventh Ward.....	1510
Eighth Ward.....	176
Ninth Ward.....	370
Totals.....	2996
Snyder's plurality, 295	295

No important changes were made from the published election returns by the canvass. Nothing was found which will affect the election of officers at the polls unless a legal point can be made of the fact that the two sets of totals were reported from several precincts where information shows that some votes were thrown out.

Mr. Haskins has kept count of the results of the two elections, and the about 600 were thrown out in precincts where reports of rejected ballots were made. To change the result for Clerk it would be necessary to show that some of these votes were thrown out. It is generally rejected that Leland's ballots had been improperly admitted, or that Haskins' ballots had been counted for Leland. As a fair and clean campaign was conducted by both of whom, it is always spoken highly of the other, it is not probable that a contest would change the result.

Many friends of Mr. Leland have urged him to offer the chief deputyship in his office to Haskins, and he well posted on the city records and the detail work of the office. Such a document of the close vote would undoubtedly be very popular. Mr. Haskins has not acted in this spirit, however, and his assistance would be much prized by the new City Fathers who will begin to tread their thorny pathway on January 1.

Yesterday the members of the new Council had their first conference, or rather the Republican members who will organize the Council and distribute the patronage. Business was discussed in an informal way, but the chief topic of the meeting was to afford the newly-elected Solons an opportunity to get better acquainted with each other.

There seems to be little question that Bowen of the First Ward will be chairman of the Council. A well-defined rumor has it that the street-ballot interests do not wish to have Bowen on the Board of Public Works another term. Chairman of Finance, another close friend of Councilman Blanchard, is mentioned for the chairman of that important committee. For chairman of the Finance Committee Summerland of the Fourth Ward is suggested.

Yesterday afternoon several of the new Councilmen were about the City Hall. They were button-holed every few steps, taken into innumerable confidences, asked to give their support to about ten applicants for every position

at the Council's disposal and, in general, given a foretaste of the joys that are in store for them during the next two years.

**Salaries Now Ready.**

Salary demands for High School teachers will be ready for payment at the Auditor's office this morning.

**AT THE COURT HOUSE**

**PROF. BILLY'S TRUNK HAS STRAYED AWAY.**

**REKNOWNED INVENTOR OF SAN-CULT DEEPLY TROUBLED.**

Has Little Domestic Affair With His Spouse and She Tries to Send Bush of Priceless MSS. to Distant Lands—Rise in Values.

Prof. Billy Manning and his frau have had another little difference, and, as usual, it has taken the majority of the law and a force of constables to get it even and smooth and smiling again.

Heaven forbid that the first tender scene of this domestic drama should be thrust into the rude, raw light of publicity. Just let it go at this—Prof. Billy and his charming wife had a row.

The discoverer and exponent of San-Cult and static science descended upon the luckless cleric in charge of the transfer shop. He was in a towering rage. He demanded his trunk.

The haughty young clerk little dreaming to whom he spoke—told Prof. Billy that he couldn't have his trunk until the man who owned it was his.

Billy didn't say anything. He just picked up the trunk on his broad back and marched out with it.

Then, however, the minions of the commandant rallied to the frantic summons of the clerk and circled around intent on the execution of a flank movement.

Prof. Manning laid down his burden and squared in the attitude that used to prevail in the days of his adversaries in the days when he was the "champ" of the world.

While he was thus occupied, somebody went away with the trunk. Billy had brought two suits to recover it.

First he fled a suit in which the value of the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

First he filed a suit in which the trunk was placed at \$25; then his attorney came sprunging up and exacted what must have been a royal erasure of the new suit.

Then the court was adjourned to the next day.

# Sore Lands

Burning, Bleeding, Cracked and Painful Finger Ends and Nails Cured by Cur.

## LAWMAKERS' EARS OPEN.

New Legislators Hear Voice of the People.

Needs of Southern California are Reviewed.

Citizens Present Wants of the Chamber of Commerce Gathering.

Following an established custom, the legislators-elect from Southern California met yesterday on invitation of the Chamber of Commerce and heard petitions for aid of various enterprises, State-wide and local, as well as suggestions for legislation on various lines, Forestry and Irrigation, truant laws and civil service, silk-worm culture and direct legislation; Juvenile courts and bad-debt collections—these and many other subjects were discussed before the new officers-elect, and after an all-day session their work was not more than half completed.

The meeting was held in the assembly room of the Chamber of Commerce, where it was called to order at 10 o'clock A.M. by F. Q. Story, president of the board. The entire delegation from Southern California was well represented, there being but four absentees, Senator Fred Smith and Assemblyman Greenwell of Santa Barbara and Assemblyman Warren M. John of San Luis Obispo. Those present were: Senators A. A. Caldwell, Riverside; O. H. Stoddard, Ontario; B. W. Hayes, M. Ward, San Diego; Assemblymen E. Fyle, Santa Barbara; Chris P. Santa Paula; J. A. Goodrich, Pasadena; W. H. Kelso, Inglewood; G. Frank, Sierra Madre; F. C. Prescott, Fullerton; E. R. Amerige, Fullerton; D. Lewis, Riverside; F. W. Barnes, Pacific Beach; John B. Burrows, Los Angeles; H. S. Parker, H. S. Parker, J. P. Transon, F. W. Parker and H. E. Carter, Los Angeles. Organization was perfected by the election of Stanton as chairman and Story as secretary.

A. L. Camp, representing a special committee of the Commerce committee, and the legislators to work for the State for a California exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition and W. G. Kerckhoff, manager for the State, by Legislature to behalf of the forestry interests of the State, and especially of Southern California.

"The Legislature should help," said Kerckhoff, "and give better protection to the appropriation for the replanting of the denuded mountain slopes of section and for better protection against fire. These are the most important subjects that confront us now, and we cannot afford to wait for the federal government if we do not go for it hard. The State can help the movement greatly by making its laws stringent with regard to protection from fire, and state at once that it is broad enough. There should be a stand so as to make the fire danger imminent. It should be a misdemeanor of anyone to leave a fire unattended, even in the most remote regions, which are protected by Federal law."

Most of the disastrous fires have origin outside the protected districts, and it is by broadening the State that this evil may be diminished."

FOREST PROTECTION.

Forest Supervisor E. B. Thomas submitted a bill to Kerckhoff, asking that the conditions be left to the forest reserves of Southern California.

"In 1901," he said, "there was a government appropriation of \$29,000 for the care and protection of 1,000,000 acres of forests. This made possible the employment of ninety rangers, a fairly adequate force, and for the first time in years there were no disastrous fires. In 1902, with an increase of 10 percent in the area to be protected, there was a change in the policy of the government. Men were drawn to other areas, and the force of rangers was reduced to fifty-two. Unless there is a larger appropriation next year, there will be a reversal of the policy of paying more attention to the covering of the watersheds."

Caldwell of Riverside said there is no doubt that the state and county will join in a resolution requesting Congress to take cognizance of the forestry needs of Southern California.

Mr. Kerckhoff was requested to speak at a bill embodying the points he had made.

Hon. T. P. Lukens of Pasadena, representing the Bureau of Forestry of Southern California, suggested that the Legislature prepare a law that would make the State a forest fire district.

This association was unique and met with favor. Senator Caldwell expressing the opinion that it would be wise to amend the Constitution to permit several counties to join in one fire district.

EDUCATION FOR THE DEAF.

In 1901, all but the education of deaf children in public schools was advanced by Prof. J. A. Foshay, Superintendent of the Los Angeles city schools, who called attention to the excellent results that have been achieved in the operation of the local school for deaf children. He advised that they should be part of the public-school system, and should be established wherever a sufficient number of children can be assembled.

Three schools of that kind are now in operation in California, each in San Francisco and Los Angeles.

The movement for making them a part of the public-school system has been progressing, and persons who have been instrumental in the maintenance of larger private schools are supporting it.

The passage of a stringent truant law, was urged by Prof. Foshay, also, to put the education of deaf children in public schools on a sound basis.

Dr. John R. Haynes, George J. Cochran, Prof. Gates of Pomona College, C. D. Willard and Secretary Dunphy of the Direct Legislation League, believe that never in its history has the Legislature refused to grant a request to city officers or amenable to them, properly endorsed by the people of Los Angeles, was granted.

Dr. Haynes expressed hope that the Legislature would submit to the people a constitutional amendment providing for direct legislation.

He also suggested that it would be well to frame a law that would not compel a complete change in the membership of the Board of Education every two years.

DIRECT LEGISLATION.

Submission of the direct legislation measure, adopted by the people of Los Angeles, was urged by Dr. John R. Haynes, George J. Cochran, Prof. Gates of Pomona College, C. D. Willard and Secretary Dunphy of the Direct Legislation League.

Although I believe," said Dr. Haynes, "that never in its history has the Legislature refused to grant a request to city officers or amenable to them, properly endorsed by the people of Los Angeles, was granted."

Dr. Haynes expressed hope that the Legislature would submit to the people a constitutional amendment providing for direct legislation.

He also suggested that it would be well to frame a law that would not compel a complete change in the membership of the Board of Education every two years.

PIPE FOR STANDARD.

Thirty carloads of pipe for the Standard's pipe line to Point Richmond have arrived, and the work which has been delayed for some time, owing to a lack of labor, will be resumed.

The pipe will be laid at the rate of something like three-quarters of a mile a day. A large force of men will be employed from now on and all efforts will be made to get the line in running as soon as possible.

The legislature engaged in an am-

endment of the constitution of direct legislation, firing many queries at its exponent, and paying special attention to the petitioners. The voters necessary to sign petitions for the submission of questions to popular vote.

Prof. Gates, who represented various farmers' clubs, made a strong argument for general adoption of direct legislation.

At noon the legislators accepted an invitation from Prof. Pierce of the Normal School to take luncheon at that institution. They took advantage of the opportunity to make a cursory inspection of the buildings and grounds.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

J. B. Lippincott of the United States Geological Survey, talked briefly to the lawmakers upon their reassembly at 2:30 p.m. in behalf of State cooperation with the national government in a scientific study of the forests and water supply of California.

"I am authorized by the Topographic and Hydrographic divisions," he said, "and by the Bureau of Forestry, to ask that they are to cooperate with the State of California in making this study, the State to pay half the expenses and the United States government to pay the remainder. What is desired in part is to make a comprehensive investigation of forest and water conditions; to prepare maps and otherwise to carry on the work. Two years ago a bill with these ends in view was passed unanimously by the Legislature, but was vetoed by the Governor."

JUVENILE COURTS.

An outline of a proposed Juvenile court law was presented by Miss E. L. Stoddard of the Los Angeles Settlement Association, who also presented a draft of a bill for the establishment of courts in which juvenile offenders may be tried; for the appointment of probation officers, and for the separation of young children and hardened criminals in jails. Miss Stoddard mentioned the similar operation of similar institutions in Illinois, Pennsylvania, New York and other States, and urged careful consideration of the plan.

D. Willard spoke briefly in support of the Civil Service bill, urging its ratification by the Legislature, and also asking that a State civil service law be prepared.

At this point an attempt was made by the Legislature to adjourn. Miss Cartney of Los Angeles to defer the hearing of matters of more than local importance, and a motion was made to that effect. Caldwell of Riverside, President of the Retail Merchants' and Grocers' Association for laws that will protect merchants in the collection of accounts was presented by C. E. Faulding, president of the association, who also requested the repeal of the tax on the sale of tobacco products. The bill was referred to the Committee on Finance.

The desire of the Retail Merchants' and Grocers' Association for laws that will protect merchants in the collection of accounts was presented by C. E. Faulding, president of the association, who also requested the repeal of the tax on the sale of tobacco products. The bill was referred to the Committee on Finance.

The following is a letter showing why Vinol was taken and did good after a case of sickness. It reads as follows:

"I wish to certify to the very great benefit which has been derived from the use of Vinol in my family. My wife was very sick with the grippe and afterward was wholly run down. One bottle of Vinol placed her on her feet in better condition than she had been before in six months. I heartily recommend and endorse it." —HARRY F. STURTEVANT, 81 Huntington St., Brockton, Mass.

SILK-WORM CULTURE.

The Woman's Cericultural Club of Los Angeles, represented by its president, Mrs. E. B. Lanshing, appealed for a \$20,000 appropriation by the State for the establishment of a sericultural school in Los Angeles. The object of the ladies is to spread the culture of the silk worm in Southern California, which is represented as an ideal place for the purpose, possessing advantages, it is said, far superior to those of any other part of the world.

Cocoons and specimens of raw silk were exhibited, and Assemblyman Carter was appointed a committee of one to look into the interests of the industry.

The passage of good roads, wide tire and fertilizer laws was urged by John Watson of Santa Ana, who also

said the State should contribute to the support of farmers' institutes.

Mrs. E. B. Lanshing, also, and his wife, president, Mrs. E. B. Lanshing, appealed for a \$20,000 appropriation by the State for the establishment of a sericultural school in Los Angeles. The object of the ladies is to spread the culture of the silk worm in Southern California, which is represented as an ideal place for the purpose, possessing advantages, it is said, far superior to those of any other part of the world.

Cocoons and specimens of raw silk were exhibited, and Assemblyman Carter was appointed a committee of one to look into the interests of the industry.

The passage of good roads, wide tire and fertilizer laws was urged by John Watson of Santa Ana, who also

said the State should contribute to the support of farmers' institutes.

Walter Bacon, president of the Southern California Historical Society, made a brief talk in support of a plan for safe preservation of valuable historical material now in the hands of the local society and at other points in the State. The building of a fire-proof library or museum was suggested.

Walter Bacon, president of the Southern California Historical Society, made a brief talk in support of a plan for safe preservation of valuable historical material now in the hands of the local society and at other points in the State. The building of a fire-proof library or museum was suggested.

Dr. Campbell, superintendent of the Highland asylum, and from Sherman Smith, superintendent of the Whittier Reform School, for visits to those institutions, and about fifteen of the lawmakers left on the 120 miles train yesterday afternoon for the first-mentioned place. Whittier will be visited today.

Assemblyman Arthur G. Flaherty of San Francisco, candidate for Speaker of the Assembly, was among the visitors yesterday and accompanied the party to Highland.

The session will be resumed at 10 o'clock this morning, and Chairman Stanton announced that a hearing will be given to all persons who desire to call the attention of the legislators to matters of interest. Those who desire to have a hearing should send a telegram to Secretary Wiggin of the Chamber of Commerce before the meeting convenes in order that the programme may be arranged.

FINAL'S GREAT FIND.

Strike of Significance to the Santa Maria Oil Field—Standard Receives Much-needed Pipe.

Recent developments in the oil territory in the vicinity of Santa Maria and Los Alamos have proven up a district that promises to be one of the most important producers in the West.

One of the best recent finds is credited to the Final Oil Company, which has brought in a well of high-grade oil south of the Western Union Oil Company's holdings.

This strike is one of the most important since the discovery of oil in that part of Santa Barbara county. It not only shows oil of a superior quality, but the well proves that the field is at least half a mile wide and three miles long.

Since the find many prospectors have taken to the field and are looking for indications in all directions.

The find is significant in that it proves the existence of oil on the north side of the Coast ridge.

PIPE FOR STANDARD.

Thirteen carloads of pipe for the

Standard's pipe line to Point Richmond have arrived, and the work which has been delayed for some time, owing to a lack of labor, will be resumed.

The pipe will be laid at the rate of something like three-quarters of a mile a day. A large force of men will be employed from now on and all efforts

will be made to get the line in running as soon as possible.

The legislature engaged in an am-

endment of the constitution of direct legislation, firing many queries at its exponent, and paying special attention to the petitioners. The voters necessary to sign petitions for the submission of questions to popular vote.

Prof. Gates, who represented various farmers' clubs, made a strong argument for general adoption of direct legislation.

At noon the legislators accepted an invitation from Prof. Pierce of the Normal School to take luncheon at that institution.

The meeting was held in the assembly room of the Chamber of Commerce, where it was called to order at 10 o'clock A.M. by F. Q. Story, president of the board. The entire delegation from Southern California was well represented, there being but four absentees, Senator Fred Smith and Assemblyman Greenwell of Santa Barbara and Assemblyman Warren M. John of San Luis Obispo. Those present were: Senators A. A. Caldwell, Riverside; O. H. Stoddard, Ontario; B. W. Hayes, M. Ward, San Diego; Assemblymen E. Fyle, Santa Barbara; Chris P. Santa Paula; J. A. Goodrich, Pasadena; W. H. Kelso, Inglewood; G. Frank, Sierra Madre; F. C. Prescott, Fullerton; E. R. Amerige, Fullerton; D. Lewis, Riverside; F. W. Barnes, Pacific Beach; John B. Burrows, Los Angeles; H. S. Parker, H. S. Parker, J. P. Transon, F. W. Parker and H. E. Carter, Los Angeles. Organization was perfected by the election of Stanton as chairman and Story as secretary.

A. L. Camp, representing a special committee of the Commerce committee, and the legislators to work for the State for a California exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition and W. G. Kerckhoff, manager for the State, by Legislature to behalf of the forestry interests of the State, and especially of Southern California.

The Legislature should help," said Kerckhoff, "and give better protection to the appropriation for the replanting of the denuded mountain slopes of section and for better protection against fire. These are the most important subjects that confront us now, and we cannot afford to wait for the federal government if we do not go for it hard. The State can help the movement greatly by making its laws stringent with regard to protection from fire, and state at once that it is broad enough. There should be a stand so as to make the fire danger imminent. It should be a misdemeanor of anyone to leave a fire unattended, even in the most remote regions, which are protected by Federal law."

Most of the disastrous fires have origin outside the protected districts, and it is by broadening the State that this evil may be diminished."

FOREST PROTECTION.

Forest Supervisor E. B. Thomas submitted a bill to Kerckhoff, asking that the conditions be left to the forest reserves of Southern California.

"In 1901," he said, "there was a government appropriation of \$29,000 for the care and protection of 1,000,000 acres of forests. This made possible the employment of ninety rangers, a fairly adequate force, and for the first time in years there were no disastrous fires. In 1902, with an increase of 10 percent in the area to be protected, there was a change in the policy of the government. Men were drawn to other areas, and the force of rangers was reduced to fifty-two. Unless there is a larger appropriation next year, there will be a reversal of the policy of paying more attention to the covering of the watersheds."

Caldwell of Riverside said there is no doubt that the state and county will join in a resolution requesting

Congress to take cognizance of the forestry needs of Southern California.

Mr. Kerckhoff was requested to speak at a bill embodying the points he had made.

Hon. T. P. Lukens of Pasadena, representing the Bureau of Forestry of Southern California, suggested that the Legislature prepare a law that would would be a forest fire district.

This association was unique and met with favor. Senator Caldwell expressing the opinion that it would be well to frame a law that would not compel a complete change in the membership of the Board of Education every two years.

DIRECT LEGISLATION.

Submission of the direct legislation measure, adopted by the people of Los Angeles, was urged by Dr. John R. Haynes, George J. Cochran, Prof. Gates of Pomona College, C. D. Willard and Secretary Dunphy of the Direct Legislation League.

Although I believe," said Dr. Haynes, "that never in its history has the Legislature refused to grant a request to city officers or amenable to them, properly endorsed by the people of Los Angeles, was granted."

Dr. Haynes expressed hope that the Legislature would submit to the people a constitutional amendment providing for direct legislation.

He also suggested that it would be well to frame a law that would not compel a complete change in the membership of the Board of Education every two years.

PIPE FOR STANDARD.

Thirty carloads of pipe for the

Standard's pipe line to Point Richmond have arrived, and the work which has been delayed by the legislature upon their reassembly at 2:30 p.m. in behalf of State cooperation with the national government in a scientific study of the forests and water supply of California.

"I am authorized by the Topographic and Hydrographic divisions," he said, "and by the Bureau of Forestry, to ask that they are to cooperate with the State of California in making this study, the State to pay half the expenses and the United States government to pay the remainder. What is desired in part is to make a comprehensive investigation of forest and water conditions; to prepare maps and otherwise to carry on the work. Two years ago a bill with these ends in view was passed unanimously by the Legislature, but was vetoed by the Governor."

JUVENILE COURTS.

An outline of a proposed Juvenile court law was presented by Miss E. L. Stodd





## Riverside, Orange and San Bernardino Counties.

NEWS REPORTS FROM TIMES CORRESPONDENTS.

JUDGE BLEDSOE GETS  
HIS SALARY.SUPREME COURT CONFIRMS HIS  
ELECTION TO THE BENCH.

Steps Taken for Aggressive Water  
and School Bonds Campaign in San  
Bernardino—Hesperia Land and Water  
Company Protest.

SAN BERNARDINO, Dec. 4.—A telegram was received here this afternoon stating that the Supreme Court had affirmed the decision of the Superior Court in San Bernardino county's celebrated judgeship-election case, which means that Judge Benjamin F. Bledsoe wins. When the votes cast at the general election in November, 1900, were counted, it was found that a tie vote had been cast for Bledsoe, the Democratic nominee for Superior Judge in Department Two, and Bennett, the Republican candidate. Judge J. L. C. Howell, then on the Superior Court bench, claimed the office as a hold-over. Bledsoe filed his bond and commenced an action in quo warranto against Campbell to compel him to show by what authority he held the office. Bennett intervened, claiming he was entitled to the office. It was fought out in the Superior Court before Judge Shaw of Los Angeles. The votes were recounted, the result indicating that more properly-stamped ballots had been cast for Bledsoe than for Bennett. Judge Shaw decided that Bledsoe was elected, and entitled to the office. He assumed the duties of the office in July, 1901. The claim was appealed to the Supreme Court. Subsequently, Judge Bledsoe brought suit in the Supreme Court for the payment of his salary and the decision in the quo warranto case necessarily decides the salary case in Bledsoe's favor.

## BOND CAMPAIGN.

The Committee of Thirty-four, or the Water Bond Campaign Committee, held a meeting yesterday evening last evening as a preliminary to opening a vigorous campaign in favor of the bonds, which will be voted on at a special election, December 26. A report was read from George M. Cooley as to the comparative cost of a cast-iron or steel-riveted pipe, the latter being named in the specifications. Adding \$60,000, the cost of the Hubbard water, Mr. Cooley finds that the total cost, if cast-iron pipe is substituted for steel pipe, would be \$407,144. Add to this the present outstanding bonds for water and schools, the total bond issue would run up to \$594,144. City Attorney Haskell read a lengthy statement outlining in detail the importance and advisability of carrying the bonds, to provide the city with an adequate supply of water and a much-needed new water system. The statement will be addressed to the voters of the city. Mr. Haskell stated that it is useless to talk about the cast-iron pipe, as the committee of five to manage the campaign, consisting of George M. Cooley, A. M. Ham and Mr. Haskell, was named at conference with General Manager Wells of the Santa Fe. First lay the facts and figures before him. Mr. Wells has expressed his disapproval of the use of steel pipe in the proposed water system.

HESPERIA VS. ARROWHEAD,

W. A. Field, president of the Hesperia Land and Water Company, has entered a formal protest against the Arrowhead Reservoir Company diverting water from the water shed on the summit of the San Bernardino Mountains, and the damming the dry side of the range. Mr. Field's protest, which has just been filed, reads, in part, as follows: "It having come to my knowledge that the Arrowhead Reservoir Company, a corporation, and all other parties concerned, are contemplating preparing or intending to take from and stop the natural flow of water from the head of the dry side of the range and now of the waters from Deep Creek, Little Bear Valley Creek and all other streams flowing into the Mojave River, the same being in San Bernardino County, California, and the same entirely in a different course, to wit, taking the entire waters, turning the same from the northerly watershed to a southerly course, in, to and on lands on the opposite side of the mountain and opposite to nature of the natural watershed, contrary to nature."

"Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to all parties concerned, that the Hesperia Land and Water Company protests to and forbids the Arrowhead Reservoir Company diverting water from the water shed on the summit of the San Bernardino Mountains, and the damming the dry side of the range. Mr. Field's protest, which has just been filed, reads, in part, as follows: "It having come to my knowledge that the Arrowhead Reservoir Company, a corporation, and all other parties concerned, are contemplating preparing or intending to take from and stop the natural flow of water from the head of the dry side of the range and now of the waters from Deep Creek, Little Bear Valley Creek and all other streams flowing into the Mojave River, the same being in San Bernardino County, California, and the same entirely in a different course, to wit, taking the entire waters, turning the same from the northerly watershed to a southerly course, in, to and on lands on the opposite side of the mountain and opposite to nature of the natural watershed, contrary to nature."

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

Leaves have been signed for the occupancy of the ground floor of the new Leighton Block, a handsome modern two-story brick building recently erected on the northwestern corner of Main and Ninth streets. The corner store with a frontage of twenty feet on Main street, will be occupied by the drug firm of F. A. Gardner & Co.

The adjoining store, with a forty-foot frontage on Main street, will be occupied by the J. E. Newberry & Co. grocery firm. Both will consume the remainder of the week. Its outcome is problematical.

E. J. Williams of Pasadena, and Miss Vera Estelle Andrews were married last evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. A. Anderson, on Mulberry street, Rev. George Ringo, pastor of the Christian Church, officiating. Miss Bessie Watkins was the maid of honor and J. W. Williams the best man. Formal reception followed the ceremony, at the home of Mrs. J. J. Rosenbrook.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

Charles O'Donnell, the Barstow rancher who was arrested on a charge of stealing wood from land owned by another rancher and sentenced to the County Jail for sixty days, succeeded in getting his release on a \$150 bail, cash to the amount of \$150 being received from friends at Barstow. The case has been appealed to the Superior Court from the decision of the justice court. O'Donnell was in jail nearly two weeks.

The Edison Electric Light and Power Company filed a claim yesterday at the County Recorder's office to \$500 inches of Bear Creek water, to be diverted at a point 1000 feet below the Bear Creek reservoir dam.

Miss Celine Reitz entertained Tuesday evening at her home on G street, in honor of Miss Laura Kramer, who, on next Wednesday, will become the bride of Nathan Strauss of San Francisco.

Harry Fager, a helper at the Santa Fe machine shop, had his foot badly bruised yesterday by a heavy timber that fell upon it.

The City Board of Education held its first meeting last evening in the new quarters in the Fourth-street school building.

If you have anything to sell, to exchange, or want anything in the wide world, put a "Liner" in The Times. Times costs a word each insertion; minimum charge, 25 cents.

## REDLANDS.

REDLANDS, Dec. 4.—W. H. Glass, owner of the Seven Oaks resort, has purchased from the Hobart Estate Company of San Francisco section 17, township 1 north, range 1 east, containing 40 acres. It is about one-half mile from the headwaters of Seven Oaks, on the headwaters of the Santa Ana River, just at the northern foot of Mt. San Bernardino, an at an elevation of about 5800 feet, and is one of the best watered tracts in the San Bernardino Mountains. Mr. Glass expects to gradually build a large number of log cabins for use of families during the season when the valley is forsaken for the mountains. The land which is capable of pasturing 100 head of horses for six months of the year, will be fenced.

REDLANDS BREVITIES.

At the meeting of the City Trustees yesterday afternoon bids for a telephone franchise were received as follows: Walter M. Campbell, \$120; W. C. Clark, \$100; Campbell & Clark, \$120. Mr. Campbell accepted. His attorney for the Home Telephone Company of Los Angeles.

The Settlement, formerly Trinity Settlement, has issued its first annual report. It received for 1901, a balance of \$661.41. During the year forty patients were admitted, of which number twenty-six were discharged, and eleven died. Within the last few days the Settlement has received a purchase of some land outside the city limits, which will cost \$1500, and it will take as much more to remodel the house now on the land for use as an administration building.

The San Joaquin Hotel was sold yesterday to Dike & Logie, who acted under instructions of an eastern man who does not wish his name made known at present. The purchaser will take possession January 1. Mr. Parker will lease the second and third floors and conduct a rooming house. The lower floor will be remodeled and will probably be used for store and office rooms. The consideration will be paid in four weeks. Yesterday afternoon from the Home Telephone Company of Los Angeles.

Mr. John Wagner has recently arrived from New York City, and will spend a year with Miss Elizabeth Farnsworth.

Mrs. W. P. Fay, and two daughters arrived yesterday from Detroit and will

spend the winter at the Windsor.

RUFUS AND ROSIE NOT  
PERMITTED TO WED.HYMEN DRAWS THE COLOR LINE  
AT RIVERSIDE.

Love's Young Dream Cut Short  
Because Would-be Bridegroom is Black  
and Intended Bride White—Cupid's  
Editor Corrected in the Nick of Time.

TO MOVE HOTEL.

RIVERSIDE, Dec. 4.—Not being posted on the law against miscegenation that prevails in California, Rufus Williams, colored, and Rosie Nixon, white, started out to get married yesterday, and failed in the attempt when they reached Justice Stephenson's court, where the knot was to have been tied, Rufus, for some reason or other, sent a colored friend to the County Clerk's office to procure the marriage license. When asked why Rufus didn't come himself, the friend replied, "Oh, he's too bashful." In answer to a question as to the complexion of the bride, the friend diplomatically stated that "She's a little whiter den I is," and the man behind the desk issued the license, and the friend departed. Not long after, the swarthy Rufus and his fair bride-elect entered Justice Stephenson's courtroom, and flashed the marriage certificate before His Honor's astonished eyes. After a moment's hesitation, the court performed the trying task of informing Rufus and Rosie that the laws of California forbid the intermarriage of whites and blacks, and the wedding was all off.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

Leaves have been signed for the occupancy of the ground floor of the new Leighton Block, a handsome modern two-story brick building recently erected on the northwestern corner of Main and Ninth streets. The corner store with a frontage of twenty feet on Main street, will be occupied by the drug firm of F. A. Gardner & Co.

The adjoining store, with a forty-foot frontage on Main street, will be occupied by the J. E. Newberry & Co. grocery firm. Both will consume the remainder of the week. Its outcome is problematical.

E. J. Williams of Pasadena, and Miss Vera Estelle Andrews were married last evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. A. Anderson, on Mulberry street, Rev. George Ringo, pastor of the Christian Church, officiating.

Miss Bessie Watkins was the maid of honor and J. W. Williams the best man. Formal reception followed the ceremony, at the home of Mrs. J. J. Rosenbrook.

FULLERTON.

MORE RAILROAD RUMORS.

FULLERTON, Dec. 4.—From reliable information received here within the past few days, it is believed Placentia will get a steam railroad before any electric line reaches that point—the Southern Pacific will extend its line to that rich section, or the Santa Fe will build its cut-off between Fullerton and Yorba, to head off the electric people. A railroad has been trying the past week to get the franchise of the old Carleton-Anheim right of way, which is held or controlled at present by the Southern Pacific, but it is understood it is not for sale at any price. It is believed some of the proposed electric line people wanted it, but failed to land it in a roundabout way. The Huntington electric line franchise through Anaheim will soon expire, and the company may have some trouble in getting it extended, unless it breaks a little dirt in Orange county in the near future. Most of the enterprising people of Orange county say they would

like to see the electric line come to this county from Los Angeles, but it is known that both the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe are keeping eagle eyes on the Huntington electric line surveys in the northern end of the county, and it is said both companies are ready to do a little extension work when it is necessary for them to show a hand to hold the heavy traffic in this rich district.

RAPTURE FARM.

Rural Route Mail Carrier Curtis and G. M. Meier of Fullerton, have purchased ten acres of land near the Olive road, east of Anaheim, and will improve the property, setting it to raspberries, other small fruits and vegetables. The young men have been offered water from a pumping station on the adjoining ranch at the low rate of \$1 per acre per month.

NEW TELEPHONES.

The City Council is considering an application of O. F. Guthridge of Los Angeles for a franchise to establish in Santa Barbara a competing telephone system. Guthridge represents the Home Telephone Company. His application for a franchise has been before the City Fathers to urge his request for the privilege. In support of his application he presented numerous letters from various municipal authorities in the East, and in other Coast cities.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

Several physicians and surgeons comprise the staff, each of whom is a specialist in certain diseases. All chronic ailments are successfully treated. Consultation free.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

The many sufferers who have already taken advantage of this offer to another proof of the high standing of our specialist among the physicians of the kidney, stomach and liver. This offer, while it is a great fortune for those in limited circumstances, is now made for charitable reasons, but those who are able to pay a moderate sum will be able to obtain a complete cure, without cost, of diseases of the kidneys for one month, at the end of which time the majority of patients will find themselves well enough to return to their place of business. We offer this service to those of these fair maidens. Saturday night we shall be open to clean the offices of our office, and offer a consultation free of charge. Our office is equipped with the finest appliances of all kinds, and ladies of refinement will appreciate the special equipment of our office.

NEWSPAPERS.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1902.

## Los Angeles Daily Times, 11

7

Diseases

of this other to ascertain the mysterious origin of diseases  
and the most recent has  
been the most  
dramatic. We therefore will  
not, at the time of  
our annual meeting,  
be much concerned  
with the ranks  
of great importance  
and appliances of all  
the equipment of our  
each of whom is a  
success.

Doctors,  
Free.  
REET.  
Sundays, 10 to 12.

UAL

TIMES

7, 1902

dition to all the  
tal comment and  
social and  
ain a remarkable

nernie;

ating story of

Claus.

rated  
ne

ticles:

in which many  
ask G. Carpenter.

Anthracite Coal Com-

an's thrilling experi-

y Werman.

in the neighbor repub-

of all classes and the  
Watkins, Jr.

ay will clear \$2,000,000.

ndled in market. By

er. By Edith Sessions

ing ceremonies which

et. By a

in our new poems.

ord. By S. Sweet.

many days. By a

ack inanimate things.

THE SOUTHWEST-  
OF WOMEN-  
ETC.

Only 5 Cents

abe P. Panos  
Music Co., 322 SOUTH BROADWAY  
man's Millinery,  
105 SOUTH SPRING STREET

## Los Angeles County: Cities and Suburban Places.

[NEWS REPORTS FROM TIMES CORRESPONDENTS.]

PASADENA POLITICS  
GETTING WARM.WHISPERS OF COMING CITY  
CAMPAIGN ARE HEARD.

**MAYER WEIGHT A STRONG CANDIDATE FOR RE-ELECTION—CONGREGATIONALISTS HOLD THEIR ANNUAL MEETING—DOCTORS ENJOY LUNCHEON AT ALPINE TAVERN.**

PASADENA, Office of The Times, No. 50 South Raymond Avenue, Dec. 5.—Now that the new City Hall is beginning to look like something, its brick walls having been reared to the second story, citizens are taking cognizance of the approaching municipal election and wondering who shall have the privilege of warming the new chairs and rubbing off the price marks from the desks in the various departments. The city election will be held on the first Tuesday in April. The hall is to be turned over to the city by the building contractors on April 1, unless they decide to make an April-fool joke of it.

Most of the interest centers about the mayoralty. Mayor Weight's friends say he will be a candidate for another term, and the Mayor does not deny it. His supporters undoubtedly number a large majority of the business and professional men, who find it to their interests to keep an eye on the city government. Yet it is certain that there will be opposition to the Mayor.

Already a few citizens have been approached by this opposition element who are quietly working up a campaign. The attack, it is said, will be made on the ground that the parks might have been hurried a bit, the streets improved a little more rapidly and other provisions of the \$300,000 bond issue brought to a quicker consummation.

The general opinion is, however, that Mayor Weight and the present Council have accomplished great feats as it is. They went into office confronted with a situation which will probably never be duplicated in the municipal history of Pasadena. They had almost to start a new municipality. They went in under a new city charter, a special one at that, which provided for vast innovations in the conduct of departments; they managed the bond campaign, the election, and have been disbursing the funds thus secured in the acquirement of parks, building a City Hall, fire department, outfall sewer, improving streets, etc. These things are being taken into account by the thoughtful people, and a common remark is that Weight is the best man in Pasadena available for the job.

"I am aware," said the Mayor last night, "that I have a few enemies, but I submit that no man can assume a public office and not make a few mistakes. The people accept the office like a gentleman, and we have accomplished our work without friction. I think the departments in our City Hall are carried on upon a business basis that is not excelled by any other city. We have good men at the heads of all of them. Nobleson, I imagine, was not very interested in the work we have had to attend to. We could not hurry these propositions through any more rapidly than we have done. Time and thought must be devoted to propositions embodying the expenditure of \$150,000 for public works. The people accepted the office of Mayor because of my faith in the city. I did not seek it on account of personal motives. In fact, I went in only when I became convinced that my being well acquainted here and having watched for long time our progress had stood me in good stead to help provide these public necessities now under way. And I will say this much, no employee of the city of Pasadena is muzzled with the fear of losing his job. Any one who comes to me as they please to make suggestions, and to talk over their work."

**CONGREGATIONAL ANNUAL.** The annual meeting of the Congregational Church was held Wednesday evening. The total membership of the church is 324; total collections for the year \$397.27. The following officers were elected: Board of trustees, C. F. Spencer, chairman; Mr. A. J. Cook, president; Dr. J. C. Church, Louis C. Wilson, deacons; I. B. Clapp, George A. Green; Sunday-school superintendent, A. L. Remond; usher, morning, E. M. Loucks; usher, evening, T. A. Barnes, F. Hahn; Benjamin Clapp, usher, evening; A. L. Hamilton, T. A. Barnes, E. C. Clapp, Harry Prinz.

**DOCTORS' CLIMB.** Yesterday morning the half-hundred physicians who have been in attendance upon the semi-annual meeting of the Southern California Medical Society, ascended Mt. Lowe and enjoyed themselves. As the guest of the president, Dr. F. C. Battison, a number of other invited guests were present. The programs after-dinner speeches and papers and discussions were excellent.

**PATHOLOGY.** Dr. Stanley P. Black, member, Pasadena Pathology Club, Los Angeles, chairman, Los Angeles; Dr. Chester Magee, "Etiology and Pathology," Dr. Joseph King, "Los Angeles, Pathology and Diagnosis," Dr. J. C. King, "Banting," "Treatment."

**PASADENA BREVIETIES.** The Tournament of Roses Association will shortly send out to the railroads companies 1000 posters to be displayed in conspicuous places throughout the West and Middle West. The design, made by Miss Lucy Buck, minister of Throop, represents a fair damsel carrying poppies.

**DOWNEY.** Dr. Edward M. Harris of Providence, R. I., has purchased for \$25,000 the home of L. C. Brand at the corner of San Pedro and California streets, R. & R. Metals, yesterday bought the J. T. Andrews place at No. 429 West Colorado street and will occupy it as a home.

Citizens residing east of the city moved toward Lamanda Park, met last night at the home of E. C. Clapp on Chester avenue and began the organization of the East Side Improvement Company, which is to provide for better roads and other innovations in that section.

**YESTERDAY.** The Board of Trade and the Protection Association both adopted the resolutions proposed and adopted by the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce in regard to urging the Washington representatives to agree to bills for better forest protection.

In compliance with a little joint made

by the South Pasadena City Council and the Pacific Electric Railway Company, has issued an order to conductors to issue Pasadena transfers to persons coming north.

The public carriage drivers seem to have submitted gracefully to the license ordinance. Thirty-one of them have paid \$25 each into the city treasury since the law was made.

Miss Jennie Lamborghini, aged 24 years, died yesterday morning at the home of her parents, No. 182 North Fair Oaks avenue. The remains will be taken to Sedgewickville, Mo.

Seats are now on sale at the Sun Drug Company for the Training Society benefit to be given December 10 at the opera house by leading society ladies.

Col. Green says: "I've been doing too much talking and too little building of hotels lately. Now I'm going to build and let the other fellows talk."

Thomas Banbury, who has been in Seattle for several years, is expected to visit here this winter.

George Tupke of St. Andrews, Scotland, will have charge of the Hotel Royal golf links this year.

Fred W. Weller, who has been visiting his parents several days, returns to Seattle today.

W. B. Clapp has returned from a surveying trip in the vicinity of Santa Barbara.

F. L. Pond of Chicago will edit Holley Raymond Editions this year.

If you have anything to sell, to exchange, or want anything in the wide world, put a "Liner" in The Times. Rate, 1 cent a word each insertion; minimum charge, 25 cents.

Naval Officers Think Advantages for Anchorage and Drill Grounds Better at Local Port Than at Santa Barbara. Proposed Tin-plate Plant.

CRUISER BOSTON CALLS  
AT SAN PEDRO.ADMIRAL CASEY'S SQUADRON MAY  
RENDEZVOUS THERE.

Naval Officers Think Advantages for Anchorage and Drill Grounds Better at Local Port Than at Santa Barbara. Proposed Tin-plate Plant.

SAN PEDRO, Dec. 4.—The cruiser Boston arrived in the outer harbor Tuesday afternoon, and Wednesday morning the officers detailed to locate a place along the coast for camping and drilling purposes came ashore and were driven about the city by members of the local Board of Trade and City Council. They expressed themselves as delighted with the opportunity offered here, and said it is very probable that Admiral Casey's squadron will make this place the central point for the winter months. Between San Pedro and Santa Barbara the two spots mostly favored—I am inclined to believe the former is the better place for us," said one of the officers.

Inquiry was made as to the accommodations for the 2000 sailors to be left ashore, and the officers were assured that every necessary provision could be made without trouble. The protection of San Pedro harbor has proved itself equal to almost any kind of a naval attack, and the campsite condition seemed to be a strong point with the naval officers. They fear Santa Barbara cannot give them the same protection in case of storms as can port, and for that reason, it is said, the officers are inclined to stay at Santa Barbara.

When the cottage was built last month Dr. Rowell had gas pipes run to the fireplace for heating. It appears faulty and cracked pipe was used, and as it was out of sight the cracks were simply closed up with putty and putty left out as it did the other night, there was trouble in the pastor's home.

In the middle of the night Dr. Rowell awoke, feeling very ill, and was unable to reach the window and open it before becoming too ill to walk.

The fresh air revived him, and he then discovered both his wife and little daughter, who slept in an adjoining room, were also affected by the fumes of the gas.

Dr. Rowell is confident that they all had narrow escape from death.

Mrs. Rowell was confined to her bed Wednesday and Thursday from the effects of the gas, but Mr. Rowell recovered the next day.

José, Mrs. George A. Cheney and Mrs. Louis Dutour.

The mascot towed the wrecked Belle back to San Pedro Tuesday night, getting her there in good shape, the pitch job down the hull holding so that she scarcely leaked at all.

Yellowtail and various other kinds of fish are quite numerous about the island just at present. Yesterday the waters of the bay were in constant state of agitation from the source, and trips up and down the island are enlivened by the presence of frequent schools.

Miss N. B. Stanton is spending the week with friends in Los Angeles.

Mrs. Katherine Gribble, housekeeper of Hotel Metropole, returned today from a two months' tour to her relatives at Davenport, Iowa.

H. R. Roafe and wife, from Mexico, are sojourning at Hotel Metropole.

If you have anything to sell, to exchange, or want anything in the wide world, put a "Liner" in The Times. Rate, 1 cent a word each insertion; minimum charge, 25 cents.

ALMOST ASPHYXIATED.

Rev. Dr. N. L. Rowell, Wife and Daughter Narrowly Escape Death from Gas in Their New Home.

Rev. Dr. N. L. Rowell, pastor of the Central Avenue Congregational Church, and family had a narrow escape from death Saturday evening. Tuesday evening, Rev. Dr. Rowell and his wife and two sons, the Rev. Dr. Frank and Dr. George, moved into their pretty new home at East Twenty-eighth street, near the intersection of Main and Hill streets.

Wealthy neighbors living directly across the street, Dr. Frank and Dr. George, were greatly alarmed.

When the cottage was built last month Dr. Rowell had gas pipes run to the fireplace for heating. It appears faulty and cracked pipe was used, and as it was out of sight the cracks were simply closed up with putty and putty left out as it did the other night, there was trouble in the pastor's home.

In the middle of the night Dr. Rowell awoke, feeling very ill, and was unable to reach the window and open it before becoming too ill to walk.

The fresh air revived him, and he then discovered both his wife and little daughter, who slept in an adjoining room, were also affected by the fumes of the gas.

Dr. Rowell is confident that they all had narrow escape from death.

Mrs. Rowell was confined to her bed Wednesday and Thursday from the effects of the gas, but Mr. Rowell recovered the next day.

FOR THE BOYS.

Literary and Musical Entertainment for Benefit of News and Working Boys' Home.

A small audience assembled at Elks' Hall last night to witness a benefit performance for the Lark Ellen News and Working Boys' Home. The following programme was given by pupils of Dobinson's School of Expression:

Recitation, "The Bootblack," May Smith; "An April Shower," Letta Heistead; soprano solo, May Curran; scene from "Merchant of Venice," Henrietta Neiderland; "Going of the White Swan," Francis Preston; original drama, "Henry V," Eugene Mockbee; "A Pair of Lunatics," O. H. Eversole and Blanche Harlan; letter scene from "Macbeth," Edith Campbell; baritone solo, Frank and Sam Phillips; "Young Uncle," Frankie Malibean; "Little Jo," Faye Wallace; "Brutus and Cassius," Eugene Mockbee and Everett McMullen.

The entertainment closed with music by the Congregational orchestra and a physical-culture drill.

TIN-PLATE PLANT.

The City Trustees met in regular weekly session, Tuesday evening, and reported considerable interest in improvement of the road between the Pacific Electric Railway Company and in the sum of \$2000, was read and approved. A communication from David

Clifford, A. J. Cook, president of the State Federation of Farmers' Clubs,

returning last night after a week spent in conducting farmers' institutes. At the new town of Imperial, sessions will be held Saturday and Sunday; at Chico, on Monday and Tuesday. Both institutes were largely attended.

Walter A. Fischer and Miss Elma Fischer of Los Angeles spent today visiting college friends; they returned to the city this afternoon.

CLAREMONT.

ORANGES ARE MOVING.

CLAREMONT, Dec. 4.—The Claremont Union has opened its packing-house for the season, with twenty-five hands employed. Today its first car of oranges was shipped to Schenectady, N. Y. Hereafter one car per day will be sent out, besides ten special cars which are to be supplied to meet the Christmastime market.

All the novelties of the season at Claremont.

Fancy box papers from 25c to \$10 at

Glasscock's.

Save 25 per cent by buying Indian

blankets at Glasscock's.

Attend the Christmas opening at Mo-

Cam's Saturday.

All the novelties of the season at

Claremont.

MAXIMIAN serapes and drawn work at

Glasscock's.

Snow drop table linen, Bon Accord,

J. E. Story, pianos, \$6 E. Colorado.

Picture framing at Glasscock's.

Wadsworth sells paints.

CLAREMONT.

LAUREL AND HARDY.

HAMBURGER'S  
HAMBURGER'S  
TO TRADE  
122 to 126 N. Spring St., Los Angeles



**\$7.50 Silk Petticoats, \$5.**  
A generous assortment of Taffeta Silk Petticoats with deep flounce; trimmed with accordian plaited ruffles and pinked out ruchings; also deep accordian plaited flounce, trimmed with hemmed and tucked ruffle. These are in assorted colors and regular \$7.50 and \$8.50 values priced as a Friday surprise, choice. \$5.00  
SECOND FLOOR.

**\$2.00 Walking  
Hats at 25c.**

An assortment of Walking Hats for women and misses. They are in Yester shapes or wide brim gill shapes; best grade French felt or plain or stitched Mohair felt; black and colors or half white. All well trimmed; none worth less than \$1.50 and most of them \$2.00 values. Friday surprise on bargain table, choice.

25c

**75c Black  
Taffeta, 59c.**

5000 yards of a lustrous black Swiss finished Taffeta; best dye; good weight; crisp quality; free from dressing; strictly pure silk and an actual 75c value; widths 19 and 30 inches. Friday surprise, choice per yard.

59c

**25c Ribbons per Yard 10c.**

Assortment of satin taffeta, satin, gros grain and all silk taffeta ribbons; popular shades, also white, cream and black; nice quality; 3 inches wide; regular 25c values. Friday surprise, per yard.

10c

**85c Sateen Pillows at 69c.**

Fine Quality Sateen Pillows—some with plain mercerized sateen ruffle; others figured to match. All are nice quality; regular 85c values. Friday surprise. . . . . 69c

50c Head Rests, 35c.

Hand Painted Satin Head Rests—fine assortment of colorings; trimmed with silk tassels and cords; regular 50c values. Friday surprise. . . . . 35c  
FOURTH FLOOR.

**Men's \$2.50 Shoes \$1.65.**

A generous assortment of men's satin calf shoes in lace style; plain or capped toe and in all sizes. These shoes are well made, are on comfortable lasts and are actual \$2.50 values. Priced as a leader for a Friday surprise, choice.

\$1.65

**4-Yard Skirt Lengths  
at 98c.**

Possibly 500 in the lot in black and white checks; small or medium size—also home-spun plaids in flake effects and broken plaids in mixtures of Henrietta—31 are 38 inches wide and if cut from the pieces would cost 50c a yard. Priced Friday, per 4-yard length

98c

**\$2.00 Colored Dress  
Textiles at \$1.00.**

We have just received forty pieces of the popular Saw-fakes and Tweeds. These manish textiles are in blue, green, gray and black grounds with white fake effects. The Tweeds are in light and dark mixtures; all are 80 to 86 inches wide and actual \$1.50 to \$2.00 values. Friday surprise, choice per yard

\$1.00

**Boys' \$5 All Wool Suits at \$3.50.**

Boys' 2-piece Knee Pant Suits; strictly all wool textiles in newest winter colorings and weight. These suits are well tailored; the coats lined with best Italian cloth; pants made with extra large double seat and knees and there is an almost limitless assortment of patterns to select from; sizes range 8 to 16 years. These suits are not broken lines but a choice assortment of regular \$5.00 values which we were fortunate to secure much under that price. We offer them as an extraordinary leader for a Friday surprise at . . . . . \$3.50



SECOND FLOOR

# FRIDAY'S SURPRISES

## Commune With Yourself, and Judge.

Since the inception of the boycott declared on this firm by the Typographical Union through the machinations of Rogers and Hay, have you as a member of this or other labor organization stopped to realize the injustice of it all; and how these two unworthy representatives of labor have maliciously lied to you concerning us in order to get your support for their nefarious scheme? Knowing as you do that there has never been a time when Hamburger's were not foremost in everything tending to the welfare of this city as a commonwealth, or its citizens collectively and individually—a firm whose generosity and kindness to its employees has always been a proud record—we cannot believe that any workingman or other labor organization can conscientiously lend its support to the unjust efforts of the Typographical Union as embodied in Rogers and Hay, to injure our business because we will not make ourselves parties to a fight in which they alone are interested.

## Friday Notion Surprises.

75c Pearl Shirt Buttons—first quality; four sizes. Friday surprise, a dozen. . . . . 5c  
15c Dress Shields—vegetable lined; perfectly odorless; three sizes. Friday surprise. . . . . 9c  
5c Spool "Pennant" Basting Cotton—500 yards to the spool. Friday surprise. . . . . 3c  
20c Spool Clark's O.N.T. Darning Cotton—per pair. Friday surprise. . . . . 1c  
5c Card "Hump" Hooks and Eyes—2 dozen on a card; black or white; four sizes. Friday surprise. . . . . 2½c  
5c Darning Eggs—fancy enamelled with strong handles. Friday surprise. . . . . 3c  
6c Card Nickel Plated Safety Pins—one dozen on a card. Friday surprise. . . . . 3c  
20c Paper Adamantine Pins—200 pins to the paper; good points. Friday. . . . . 1c

## Friday Household Surprises.

Sapolio—needs no introduction; large size; three cakes to a customer and no telephone orders filled, per cake. . . . . 5c  
Pearline—well known washing compound. Friday Surprise. Limit 3 to a customer, no telephone orders filled; per package. . . . . 3c  
Royal Steel Tea Kettle—No. 7; holds 5 quarts; Friday Surprise. Priced at . . . . . 69c  
20c Spool "Canary" Can—galvanized iron; complete with screw top. Friday Surprise. . . . . 29c  
Sheet Iron—Oven—a good double lined sheet iron oven; worth \$1.48. Priced as a Friday Surprise. . . . . 49c  
5c Gallon Oil Can—galvanized iron; complete with screw top. Friday Surprise. . . . . 29c  
Garbage Can—large size; good quality galvanized iron; practically indestructible; worth \$4.50. Friday Surprise. . . . . 29c  
Oil Heater—warranted not to smoke; worth \$4.50. Friday Surprise. . . . . 3.98  
THIRD FLOOR

## Bleached Huck Towels 12½c.

Forty dozen large size Bleached Brocaded Huck Towels—with wide red border and hemmed ends. Priced as a Friday surprise, each. . . . . 12½c

7½

per yard

per yard